

R ALPH DID NOT HEAR his plans discussed or he might not have been so anxious about "Marrying a Butcher."—Page 6.

LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN NORTHERN OHIO (LIMA'S RELIABLE NEWSPAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS LEAD WIRE).

WISER OF THE WISE acknowledge wisdom in everything but in themselves. Specializing narrow.—Women's Editorial Page.

VOLUME THIRTY-TWO. NUMBER 171.

LIMA, OHIO, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 24, 1916.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

VILLISTAS RECRUITING MEXICANS

SCATTERED BANDS IN
FOOTBALLS ARE RE-
ORGANIZING.

NEW CARRANZA NOTE DUE
EPONS COMPLAIN FED-
ERALS TAKE FOOD
AND DONKEYS.

COLUMBUS, N. M., May 24.—Reorganization of at least two of Villa's scattered bands were reported here officially today. These bands, recruited by agitators among the villages of the foothills of southwestern Chihuahua are said to be making their way slowly northward through the mountains. Peons who join them are being promised loot. General J. J. Pershing, expeditionary commander, is said to be keeping closely in touch with the movements of the brigands, although his cavalrymen are not going south from the advanced base.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The new note from General Carranza will be sent to Washington by special messenger. Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City advised the state department today. Mr. Rodgers did not say when the messenger would start and gave no forecast of the contents of the communication. It is expected to reach Washington late next week.

Previous reports from Mr. Rodgers have described the attitude of Carranza officials as increasingly friendly toward the United States and added that the feeling prevailed among them that the critical period as to the border situation had passed.

Officials have attributed this result to General Pershing's verbal report to General Carranza on his conference with Generals Scott and Funston at the border.

KICKS ON CARRANZISTAS.

PEONS SAY VILLA TAKES SOMETHING TO
EAT, FEDERAL DONKEYS.

Weather for Ohio
and Vicinity

Partly cloudy tonight
and Thursday. Prob-
ably showers.

Temperature at
Solar Refinery

4 a. m.	57
9 a. m.	73
12 m.	82
3 p. m.	85

Summary of
THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT

Wednesday, May 24, 1916.

LOCAL

Man jumps from train to
death.

Women's auxiliary of en-
gineers meet in Lima.

Bids to be closed on city
bonds.

Former Lima boy promoted
and married.

Mrs. Nancy Barga, pioneer,
claimed by death.

Postal savings of \$1,000 is
possible.

Novel combination entitles
program of play.

Shawnee to adorn graves of
soldiers.

To sell property in breach of
promise.

James M. Spicer dies at hos-
pital.

A. I. U. to celebrate merger of
lodges.

Northwestern Ohio dentists
to meet.

Lima has 8,700 of school age
youths.

NATIONAL

Von Buelow to visit U. S.
Americans are learning how
to shoot straight.

Villa's bands are being re-
organized.

Episcopal church seeks organ-
ization fund.

Brandeis gets committee O.
K. 10 to 8.

Mysterious Waite telegram
traced.

FOREIGN

French still hold Douaumont.
Censorship does not apply to
press in Greece.

Germany admits food pinch
comes but denies crisis.

TELEGRAPH TIPS

VIRGINIA CITY, Nevada.—Four men are known to have perished in a fire raging today in the lower levels of the Yellow Jacket mine, near here. Two bodies have been recovered. The fire started last night.

In the solid Villa districts there were evidences of prosperity. The people there declared that Villa protected them, taking what he needed from them with sense of discrimination. The towns of mixed politics, peopled by both Villa and Carranza partisans, were all on the verge of misery. The Villa adherents in such places reported that the bandit chief was in the habit of protecting them but of plundering the Carranza sympathizers.

They complained that Carranza commands plundered both Villa and Carranza communities without discrimination—always taking care however, to announce that they were seizing property "in the name of the government." Carranza sympathizers themselves complained that petty officers exercised altogether too wide a latitude in securing supplies on the promises of the government to repay.

At the small town of Cleveras, near Satevo an Associated Press correspondent saw one of these forces by a small Carranza command. The town was well stripped. Afterward an old Mexican complained to some American troops who were passing, asking them for protection and exclaiming:

"Villa taken what I have to eat. But these people have taken all I have to eat, and my donkey besides, and even took my riata (Mexican hair rope lasso). They left me no tools."

Outside of this territory of best doubtful allegiance to the Carranza government there have not been complaints of harsh treatment by Carranza soldiers.

The stoicism of Mexican women was shown during the fight on Sunday at San Miguel de Rubio, when three Mexicans were killed as they attempted to shoot a detachment of ten American cavalrymen, who at the time were dismounted and riding in automobiles.

After the trio had been killed, the ranch house from which they had tried to escape was searched. Three of the rooms were found locked and no one at the ranch professed to know anything about who was inside, how to unlock the doors or why they were locked. A pistol shot was reported from naval committee.

(Continued on Page Five)

VON BUELLOW TO VISIT U. S. ON SPECIAL MISSION

Former German Chancellor
to be Diplomatic Mes-
senger of Kaiser.

WASHINGTON DOUBTS

Report From London is Un-
official But Exchange
Telegraph is Author.

LONDON, May 24.—The Exchange Telegraph company says it learns from diplomatic circles that Prince Von Buelow, former German chancellor, is proceeding to Washington charged by Emperor William with a special mission.

The Exchange Telegraph company also says it understands Prince Von Buelow will become ambassador to the United States. This information is said to have been obtained from diplomatic circles in London.

Prince Von Buelow, one of the foremost statesmen of Europe, has been referred to frequently in the last few months as the man who might be selected by Emperor William to conduct preliminary peace negotiations, should they be undertaken. He had been mentioned in this connection not only on account of his experience and recognized ability, but because he has occupied rather a detached position so far as actual conduct of the war is concerned.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—State department officials were frankly skeptical of the accuracy of the report that Prince Von Buelow was coming to Washington on a special mission from Emperor William. They have received no official or un-official intimation that such a visit was in prospect.

A high official pointed out that the report originated in London, which to his mind cast doubt upon its truth since it was certain to be widely discussed as a possible peace overture from Germany. The Berlin government, he said, has not yet seen fit to suggest a peace move officially or confidentially in any way.

MYSTERIOUS WAITE TELEGRAM, TRACED

Sender is Found to be a
Woman of Somerville,
New Jersey.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The sender of the mysterious "K. Adams" telegram, which has figured in the case of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, accused of the murder of his father-in-law, John E. Peck, millionaire, the Grand Rapids drug manufacturer, was identified as Elizabeth B. Hardwick of Somerville, N. J., at Waite's trial today. This was the telegram sent from New York to Grand Rapids, urging Percy Peck to have an autopsy performed on his father's body.

Mrs. Clara Louise Peck Waite faced her husband, Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, in the court room for the first time today, when she took the stand as a witness against him. Mrs. Waite was dressed in mourning, and came into the court room so quietly that few observed her as she took a seat behind the jury box as her brother Percy Peck, was testifying.

Dr. Waite, who had been sitting with bowed head all the forenoon looked at his wife, but she appeared not to see him.

Mrs. Waite testified concerning her father's visit from Grand Rapids to New York, and said that Waite suggested that Dr. Albertus A. Moore be called to see her father. "We, that is, father, Dr. Waite and myself had planned to go to Hot Springs on a visit. Father appeared to be in very good health."

SAVES HIS LIFE ON TRESTLE.

CLEVELAND, O., May 24.—Malcolm Henderson, 37, is in a critical condition in a local hospital as a result of breaking his legs and sustaining serious internal injuries when he jumped from a railroad trestle early this morning to avoid being run down by a fast train.

ROOT OPENS OFFICE.

NEW YORK, May 24.—The campaign headquarters of Elihu Root, a candidate for the republican presidential nomination are being transferred from this city to Chicago today.

Candidates Before Republican Convention—No. 4



Sen. William E. Borah, of Idaho.

BIDS WILL BE CLOSE ON BOND PURCHASES AVERS CITY AUDITOR

Small Chance of Getting Big

Premium, if City Can
Get Due at All.

Auditor Rupert Shows Re-
sult of Limiting Interest
to Four Percent.

Sender is Found to be a
Woman of Somerville,
New Jersey.

Bids will be close and premiums,

if any, unusually small when the offers of bond buying houses are opened by City Auditor David L. Rupert June 5, the date of opening bids for the water works and street improvement bonds voted April 25. As the issues, totalling \$650,000, bear but four per cent interest, the margin is too small to allow great leeway for the city, the bond house securing the issue or the purchaser.

The impression current among the taxpayers, to the effect that Lima will receive a big premium on the bonds, is unjustified in view of the fact that this city is about the first in recent years to attempt to sell bonds at the interest rate of four per cent. While the city is to pay that rate, it is also to get an equal amount from the banks which will be repositories for the money. The premium, however, if there is to be one paid on such a close margin for the buyers, will, of course, go to the bidding fund to meet the interest.

No plan as to when the nomination will be taken up in the senate has yet been formulated. The action of the committee remained in doubt up to the time the vote was taken. Senator Shields, democrat, of Tennessee, arrived in the capital just in time to cast the deciding vote.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, was the only member of the committee not present. His vote however, was recorded against confirmation.

Senator voting for confirmation were Culberson, Overman, Chilton, O'Gorman, Fletcher, Reed, Ashurst, Shields, Walsh and Smith, of Georgia.

Senators voting against confirmation were Clark, of Wyoming; Nelson, Dillingham, Sutherland, Brandeis, Borah, Cummins and Works.

The vote is one of the final steps in a contest which started as soon as the nomination was sent to the Senate by President Wilson on January 28. Week were spent by a sub-

vention follows.

Referring to our \$550,000 water works extension and improvement bonds and \$100,000 special street improvement bonds on which bids will be received up to noon Monday, June 5, 1916.

On account of the heavy premium secured on the water works bonds and fire department building bonds it must be accepted by candidates for the ministry before they should be ordained. This action, it is believed ends further discussion in the present assembly of the alleged heresy question in which the New York Presbytery and Union Theological Seminary are involved.

(Continued on page five)

BRANDEIS GETS COMMITTEE O. K. TEN TO EIGHT

Vote is Made Strictly on Party Lines it is Stated.

FIGHT NEARS END

Name Was Sent in by Pres-
ident Wilson on Jan-
uary 28.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The Senate Judiciary Committee voted ten to eight today to report favorably to the Senate the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis, to associate justice of the supreme court. It was a strict party vote.

The attempt in general was unsuccessful, the war office report of this afternoon says, but after a fierce hand to hand struggle the attacking forces made their way into a portion of the village of Cumières.

At this point the French are faced by more than three divisions German attacks on Fort Douaumont, the cornerstone of the Verdun defenses, are said virtually to have failed.

Notwithstanding the determination of their attacks and what is characterized as a most reckless expenditure of life the Germans succeeded only in taking a small part of a trench east of the fort.

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Cadet claims that they walked north on the C. H. & D. tracks until just south of the trestle, when Arthur attempted to board a passing freight train.

He claims that the last he saw of Arthur was when the latter attempted to alight from the moving train, as it was crossing the trestle. He states that it was too dark to see him clearly.

The unidentified body of a man, about 27 years old, was found this morning about 8 o'clock, by Mrs. Mattie Price, of 312 East Elm street, as she was crossing the C. H. & D. trestle over the Ottawa river. She immediately notified the police department. Motor Cop Thomas responded to the call and after discovering the man to be dead, called Whitley's ambulance.

Cadet claims that the body was likely accidental.

Examination of the body showed that both the right leg and arm were broken and a long rash inflicted in the forehead. Although the blow in the forehead probably resulted in concussion of the brain, he stated that internal injuries were the direct cause of the death.

Persons who viewed the body before it was taken to the morgue claim that it is possible death resulted from drowning, as when first seen his head and shoulders were lying in the water, with the mouth and nostrils submerged.

Mrs. Mattie Price and Mrs. Cora Rouse, both of whom reside at 312 East Elm street, were the first to

(Continued on page five)

DASHES TO DEATH FROM TRAIN ON C. H. & D. BRIDGE

Vernon Arthur of Williams-
burg, Jumps in Sight
of Chum.

Body, Unidentified, For-
Hours After Found
in Pool.

The body of the man found this morning under the C. H. & D. railroad trestle, was identified late today as Vernon Arthur of Williamsburg, Ohio. The identity of the unfortunate lad was made by Frank Cadem of Seymour, Indiana, companion, who is company with the other was making his way to Detroit.

He stated that they had been working for the Barney & Clegg Company of Dayton, up to several days ago, when they decided to go to Detroit. While enroute to the latter city they decided to stop at Lima. They arrived here last night at 11 o'clock, but decided to continue on their journey.

Cadet claims that they walked north on the C. H. & D. tracks until just south of the trestle, when Arthur attempted to board a passing freight train. He claims that the last he saw of Arthur was when the latter attempted to alight from the moving train, as it was crossing the trestle. He states that it was too dark to see him clearly.

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Mrs. Mattie Price and Mrs. Cora Rouse, both of whom reside at 312 East Elm

land in triumph and free our brothers from the yoke of the oppressor." The Austrian offensive on the Trentino front and the furious efforts of the Germans to gain a decision at Verdun are explained in a semi-official statement published here as a result of a concerted effort on the part of the Central powers to prevent an expected simultaneous attack by the allies on all fronts.

"The Central empire," says the statement, "wishes to prevent, even at the cost of enormous sacrifices of men and material, the allies from taking the initiative in the war operations and attacking them simultaneously on all fronts. Such is the plan of the Central powers as revealed by the great Austrian offensive on the Trentino front while the Germans are reviving their offensive against Verdun."

The statement concludes with an assertion that the Austro-German plan must fail as all of the allies will be able to pass from the present defensive stage to decisive, simultaneous action. This great joint offensive, it is declared, will bring about the downfall of the Teutonic powers.

LONDON, May 24.—An order of the day said to have been issued recently by Field Marshal Von Hindenburg to his men on the Russian front is quoted as follows in a Central News Dispatch from Basel, Switzerland.

"For some time a rumor has been spreading among the troops that peace negotiations are about to begin, and this fact coupled with the instinct of self-preservation which is constantly growing, is having a bad effect on the morale of the men. In the name of the emperor, I declare that there cannot be any question of peace until we have crossed the Dvina. Soldiers, if you wish peace, go and seek it on the other side of the Dvina."

PLAN PARADE FOR "PREPAREDNESS"

With Mayor Simpson presiding at the first meeting of the committee in charge of the preparedness parade was held last night in the assembly room of the Chamber of Commerce. Tentative plans for the formation of the parade and various sub-committees were appointed to assist in making it a success.

An attempt will be made to interest all of the surrounding villages in the project. No advertising either political or commercial will be allowed, and no automobile will be used except for the infirm G. A. R. soldiers. It is planned to have about 10 bands distributed through the parade.

RULING EXPECTED IN THE ORPET CASE

WAUKEGAN, Ill., May 24.—A ruling that is expected to enter largely into the trial of Will H. Orpet, charged with the murder of Marion Lambert, and relating to the degree of credence the jury shall place in circumstantial evidence, was promised today by Judge Donnelly.

In the examination of a prospective juryman, counsel for Orpet advised that circumstantial evidence should be taken with caution. State's Attorney Dady disputed the assertion and authorities were cited. The court promised to make a ruling later. L. J. Hieronymous, who had been tentatively accepted as a juror by the defense for jury service, was accepted by the state today. The examination of the new venire composed largely of business men and bankers, was started.

BURNED IN AUTO WRECK.

CANTON, O., May 24.—Louis H. Lehman is in Mercy hospital unconscious from injuries received last night on road four miles east of here when the automobile he was driving swerved from the roadway, turned turtle and took fire. Three companions in the automobile escaped serious injury although Miss Bertha Rowe was pinned under the car. She was rescued before fire reached her.

MAKING A GAG CORRECT.

Tommy was undergoing chastisement at the hands of his outraged mother for eating the jam.

"Tommy," she said, "this hurts me more than it does you."

And when Tommy was alone he produced a square piece of wood which he had placed where it was needed, and murmured reflectively, "I thought that board wouldn't do her hand any good."—Ladies Home Journal.

SNAKES KILL 20,000.

ASHTABULA, O., May 24.—Twenty thousand people in India are killed annually by snake bites and two thousand are killed every year by wild animals, Rev. J. S. B. Weir, a returned missionary, said here in an address at the Presbyterian church. The great work of the missionaries in India, he said, is to teach the natives how to protect themselves.

AUTOISTS ARRESTED.

CLEVELAND, May 24.—After more than a year's effort to get evidence against the autoists who ran down and killed Gustave C. Hirshart, 34, in the county jail with a deep gash in his throat which was self-inflicted the sheriff says, because the girl with whom Gallagher was in love, married another man. Gallagher was found in a thicket four miles south of Canton Wednesday morning by the sheriff and brought here.

NOVEL COMBINATION ENLIVEN PROGRAM OF BUSINESS WOMEN

Pretty Faces, Grotesque Costumes and Tuneful Songs Are Features.

Localized Jokes Hit the Spots to Delight of Big Audience.

Pretty faces, grotesque costumes, tuneful songs of varied vintage and localized jokes striking home with all members of the audience combined to life "A Night in Melodyland", which opened at the Lyric last evening, far above the average of home-talent productions. Under the auspices of the Business Women's club the "Ladies' Greater Minstrels" offered some novel entertainment with fearless application of local "roasts".

The musical numbers were well received, several of them bringing repeated calls for encores. Among the hits of the evening were "At the Fountain of Youth", by Mrs. Borda E. Fritz; "Walkin' the Dog", by Miss Mildred Rudy, and "I'm Goin' to Hit the Trail for Alabama", sung by Miss Lillian Johnson. The latter also scored a hit in negro monologue in the olio. Miss Oread Wetherill, in Interpretative dances, proved another favorite in the latter half of the program. The list of events follows:

Way Down in Arkansas..... Miss Buckley

My Mother's Rosary..... Mrs. Kahle

I'm a Lonesome Melody..... Mrs. Curtis

When I Bid the World Good-Bye..... Miss Hoagland

At the Fountain of Youth..... Mrs. Fritz

Good Bye, Good Luck, God Bless You..... Mrs. Austin

I'm Goin' to Hit the Trail for Alabama..... Miss Johnson

Are You Half the Man Your Mother Thought You'd Be?..... Mrs. Shaffer

Walkin' the Dog..... Miss Rudy

America, I Love You..... Miss Wemmer

Athletic Drill, under direction of

Miss Rhea Tracht

Dance de Lux..... Miss Wetherill

The Colorado Suffragettes

Miss Johnson, Monologuet

1916 Song Revue

Those who participated were:

Mistress of Ceremonies—Mrs. M. Keltner.

Chorus—The Misses Mary Quinlan, Evelyn Kunkleman, Ruth Simpkin, Alice Moor, Nellie Stiles, Florence Leisure, Ida Rhodes, Oris Moor, Edna Watson, Helen Hell, Letta Berndt, Lenore East, Ethel Stiles, Hazel Tracht, Eleanor Quinlan, Ferne Massey, Inez Huber, Mary McKeirney, Madelyn Boutel, Leota Dankirk, Ruth Hoover, Ida Eversole.

Colonial Belles—Miss Angelia Duffy, Mrs. Guy Shaffer, Mrs. Aline Kahle Mowen, Mrs. Ralph Austin, Miss Mabel Sprout, Miss Margaret Hoagland, Miss Ethel Snider, Miss Helen Wemmer, Miss Golda McBride, Miss Blanche Finicle.

Gloom Chasers—Miss Oread Wetherill, Miss Lillian Johnson, Miss Dot Wyatt, Miss Mabel Kissell, Miss Irene Buckley, Miss Ruth Keating, Miss Neuman, Mrs. Elsie Stout.

Principal Comediennes—Mrs. Edgar Curtis, Mrs. William Hammond.

Promoters—Mrs. Bertha Ewing

Fritz, Miss Mildred Rudy.

Direction of C. C. Cleveland.

Music by the B. H. Holmes orchestra.

WOMEN'S AUXILIARY OF ENGINEERS MEET

Railway State Convention
Will Assemble in Lima
Tomorrow.

The Ohio state convention of the grand auxiliary of Brotherhood Locomotive Engineers will be held in Lima Thursday at the Elks' home. Three hundred women are expected as delegates. A morning and afternoon session will be held, when a class class of candidates will be initiated. An informal dance will close the festivities in the evening.

Mrs. William Murdoch of Chicago, is grand president and Mrs. Mary E. Cassell of Cleveland, is grand vice president and president of the Ohio auxiliary. Both will deliver addresses. Mrs. Garrett of Cleveland, affiliated with the state auxiliary, will also be present.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Central Church of Christ will serve dinner and supper to the visitors. All the larger cities of Ohio will be represented at the meeting.

The committee which will meet and welcome delegates includes C. L. Miller, J. W. Ohlinger, S. G. Miller, George Shambow, William Sites, Roy Sellars and M. Massey. Mrs. C. L. Miller is president of Lima auxiliary.

JILTED LOVER CUTS THROAT.

CANTON, O., May 24.—Patsy Gallagher, 34, is in the county jail with a deep gash in his throat which was self-inflicted the sheriff says, because the girl with whom Gallagher was in love, married another man. Gallagher was found in a thicket four miles south of Canton Wednesday morning by the sheriff and brought here.

Pursuit Beats Realization



TO SELL PROPERTY IN POSTAL SAVINGS OF BREACH OF PROMISE \$1,000 IS POSSIBLE

FORMER LIMA BOY PROMOTED; MARRIED

Postmaster Sullivan Advised of Recent Amendment to Law.

Mrs. Louise Kundert, wife of Herman Kundert, must give up the property located at 782 South Metcalf street, which he deeded her upon condition that she marry him. The property will be appraised and sold at public auction to satisfy a judgment and levy made by Miss Ida Allemeier, of Delphos, according to the ruling of Judge John S. Snook, of Paulding, who heard the motion of Miss Allemeier against Kundert and his wife for equitable relief the week. Miss Allemeier is the former sweetheart of Kundert and the girl he forsakes at the last minute, to marry his present wife.

Miss Allemeier sued Kundert for damages for breach of promise. After the case was heard on February 26, 1915, the jury returned a verdict in her favor of \$2,000. Kundert had, he claimed, offered to deed this property to his present wife before they were married, if she would give him her promise to wed him. He carried out his promise to her.

This left Miss Allemeier without recourse. She went into court in a suit against both Kundert and his wife and the court's ruling takes the property from the wife and gives it back to Kundert's old sweetheart. Judge Snook ruled that the dead whereby Kundert conveyed the property to his wife was void and he set aside the same. He also overruled a motion for a new trial.

On the witness stand Kundert testified that his only reason for marrying his present wife, after a short courtship, was he was money ahead and because he needed a housekeeper. Miss Allemeier had prepared her wedding clothes and not until the day before the time set for their wedding did he notify her of his change of heart. She is one of Delphos' best young women. On the witness stand, it was shown she had complied in every way, with modern conventions, while the courtship was going on.

When she had promised Kundert to be his wife, she wanted him to ask her parents for her hand. He refused. Miss Allemeier told the court she had been brought up that way and asked Kundert to take the matter to her parents for their consideration, but met with blank refusal.

Kundert's family is among the prominent residents of Delphos. His attorneys may take the case to the court of appeals, in which instance Judge Snook set the appeal bond at \$200.

VIOLIN RECITAL BY PUPILS OF GALE WATSON AT MARKET STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH FRIDAY, MAY 26, AT 7:30 P. M. ADMISSION FREE.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A marriage license was issued yesterday afternoon to James A. Raymond, 22, brakeman, of R. F. D. No. 7, Lima, and Carrie Baker, 18, housekeeper, of 161 East Circular street, Lima. The Rev. Lehman of the Church of the Brethren, to officiate.

INFANT IS DEAD.

The two months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Barnes, who recently came here from Milford, Mich., died at the home of a brother of Mr. Barnes in Perry township, today. The family had been staying at the brother's home, two miles south of Lima, awaiting the arrival of their household goods. Mr. Barnes is employed by the Lima Locomotive corporation.

Death was due to pneumonia. The small body was accompanied this afternoon to Milford, where funeral services will be held and interment made.

JAMES M. SPICER DIES AT HOSPITAL

Peritonitis Causes Death of Man Prominent in Lima Twenty Years.

James M. Spicer, merchant tailor at the Metropolitan block on North Main street, died this morning at 10:15 o'clock at the city hospital, from peritonitis. Had he lived until June 28, he would have reached his fifty-second year. For 20 years he had been engaged in the tailoring business in Lima.

Two weeks ago he was removed to the city hospital, suffering from a ruptured appendix. He was subjected to an operation and peritonitis developed, causing death. He was born in Mercer county and resided at 304 West Spring street.

The widow, two children, Mary Katherine, aged 10 years, and Donald M., 9 years old, survive. Frank Spicer of Fort Wayne, Charles Spicer of Arkansas, brothers, are left.

Funeral services will be held Friday at 2 o'clock at the residence. Interment will be in Woodlawn.

BRANDEIS GETS COMMITTEE O.K. TEN TO EIGHT

(Continued from page one) committee taking testimony regarding charges against the nominee, formulated by a committee of citizens of Boston. The sub-committee recommended confirmation by a strict party vote of three to two.

A bill to recover title to 3,200,000 acres of land worth more than \$30,000,000 granted to the Oregon and California railroad by the federal government 50 years ago, was brought up in the house today. The measure would authorize suit against the railroad for recovery of funds received for sale of 800,000 acres of land at more than \$2.50 an acre, contrary to provisions of the original grant.

Speedy action was urged on the ground that an injunction against disposition of the lands issued last December 9 by the supreme court of the United States expires June 9. The measure is of special interest to 16,000 persons to whom agents sold the land fraudulently and who were deprived of their rights by the supreme court decision.

The charge against Mr. Brandeis was "unethical conduct in relation to several clients and working under cover."

President A. Laurence Lowell of Harvard, headed the committee of citizens organized to fight confirmation. William H. Taft, Simeon E. Baldwin, Francis Rawle, Joseph H. Choate, Elihu Root, Moofield Storey and Peter W. Meldrim, each a former president of the American Bar Association also opposed confirmation.

BLAIR CASE DISMISSED.

The case of Brice W. Blair against the State of Ohio has been dismissed in the court of common pleas. Blair, who was charged with selling intoxicants to minors, and who was convicted in the court of a justice of the peace, appealed to common pleas court. Today he ordered the action dismissed.

MRS. NANCY BARGS, 85,

CLAIMED BY DEATH

Mrs. Nancy Bargs, 85 years old, died this morning at 7 o'clock at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Catherine Wilson, of Auglaize township, near Westminster. For 14 weeks she had been ill, suffering from complications. Pneumonia caused her death.

She was born on September 26, 1830, in Logan county, Ohio, and had reared to man and womanhood a family of children. She was a devoted Christian and a good mother. Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Albert Heffner, John M. Bargs, of 1036 Bellfontaine avenue, and Mrs. John Neely of St. Johns avenue, are surviving children.

Funeral services will be held on Friday at 10 o'clock at the home of the daughter. The Rev. W. A. Alapach of Calvary Reformed church, will conduct the service. Interment will be in Westminster cemetery.

WILL IS FILED.

The will of Thomas J. Fitzpatrick, late of 601 North West street, was filed in probate in court yesterday. Hearing will be on May 26 at 9 o'clock.

MAD DOG PICNIC.

TOLEDO, O., May 24.—A rabid dog created a panic this morning on the Cherry street bridge, the main highway from the business section to East Toledo. The frothing dog snapped at many pedestrians, who scurried to shelter. A patrolman lassoed the dog and shot him.

Announcement

Electricity for Every Farm DELCO System

To the Rural Community:-

We have received our Delco Electric Light demonstrator and are now ready to show you the most wonderful, simple, and compact system that has ever been placed on the market. It costs less to install, operate, and is simpler than any other system on the market.

It will operate churn, separator, washing machine, pump water and run vacuum sweeper.

B. SCHMIDT, Sales Agent
HEADQUARTERS AT REED BROS. ELECTRIC CO.

125 E. Market St.
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THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT

FOUNDED 1853

EMMETT R. CURTIN, President

Business Manager, WARREN P. MURLY

(Entered in the postoffice at Lima, Ohio, as second class matter. Published every evening except Sunday at 125 West High Street by The Times-Democrat Publishing Company)

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION	
By Carrier, per week	\$1.10
By Carrier, per year	\$4.80
On Rural Route, per year	\$3.00
By mail to points in United States	\$1.00
All mail subscriptions payable in advance.	

Subscribers will confer a favor on the Circulation Department by calling "Phone Main 2648 and making known any complaint of service."

TELEPHONES Business Office Main 2648 Editorial Rooms Main 2648

PRIMARY DEFECTS

In an interview with a representative of the Times-Democrat Monday, Myron T. Herrick, himself a candidate and familiar with the defects of the present primary law, stated that despite many features of general advantage in the present system in vogue in Ohio there are some flaws which must be remedied. Sooner or later, he predicted, members of both parties will unite to remedy the evils which exist in the plan of today.

The Ohio system, as devised by endless tinkering and mangled by various legislatures, is incomplete. It has failed to break up boss rule and actually fosters a lack of participation by the entire electorate. Never yet has anything like a full vote been present in a primary. It erects barriers for both voters and candidates, permits insincerity and encourages narrow partisanship.

Now as a principle the direct primary is a good thing, aimed at the correction of evils which have existed since the establishment of the federal government. But the Ohio law was hastily framed, carelessly drafted and frequently revised with an eye to political advantage by professional manipulators. That is why we find it so odd, so grotesque and so difficult for the common voter to understand—and among the sisterhood of states Ohio is the horrible example in regard to election laws.

A man may sign a petition in order to run a candidate whom he has no intention of supporting. Red tape hinders speed in some ways. The duties of election officials are numerous and tiresome. Judges and clerks are hard to get. No provision is made for the removal of bargains and deals. A candidate for any office covering more than one county may file in Columbus thereby keeping his candidacy secret until he shall have completed arrangements with other men. A premium is placed on a race, for a candidate is taxed before he is permitted to accept a hopeless nomination for the sake of strengthening a ticket.

But the worst feature is that the office is not able to seek the man. There is no way to get a candidate into the field without his active work, and many men who would make admirable officials are too busy, too modest or too self respecting to make a personal canvass where they would otherwise be willing to serve the public. The very type of man we need most will refrain from running for an office where he would be useful because he will not descend into a campaign of the modern kind, which demands humiliating solicitation. And that is why we say that the present primary law of Ohio needs intelligent alteration by public spirited, high minded citizens.

SENATORIAL COURTESY

A week or so ago the United States senate voted against the confirmation of a presidential appointee. One man, Gallinger of New Hampshire, was the only man opposed to him, the rest of those who combined to defeat Rublee being adverse to the latter on the mere ground of "senatorial courtesy".

This is the farthest "senatorial courtesy" has ever gotten. As an example of what a time-worn tradition can do it should be branded as legislative imbecility. If Gallinger had any plausible reason for opposing Rublee the rejection of the latter would have been permissible, but in this case the Bourbon rule of the Aldrich "old guard" based his objections on the fact that the appointee was "personally obnoxious".

Senatorial courtesy, properly interpreted, is an ancient agreement whereby the decision on the confirmation of a presidential appointee is left to the "new" administration.

senator from that state, on the ground that he is best acquainted with the character of the appointee. Thus the sanction or rejection of a senator from the president's party is followed by confirmation or rejection by the senate. There are phases of that rule which make it, in part at least, defensible. But in this case a senator from the rump party, representing a small portion and belonging to another party than that of the president and his appointee, has held up for months the filling of a vacancy.

Being "personally obnoxious" to a minority senator has never before resulted in the rejection of a presidential appointee, for the question has always been settled by the majority party without opposition.

Gallinger holds the record of being the first to horn into the affairs of the other party.

The surprising part is that the senate should have recognized as a disqualification his inability to hitch with the younger Rublee.

But then as soon as the average man gets to Washington he feels it his duty to permit himself to be bound hand and foot by official red tape.

Fortunately there are some men with more breadth of mentality and less spiteful partisanship.

THE GIRLS PERFORM

Lima has just contributed \$131,000 for a new Y. M. C. A. building. We have seen the wisdom of providing for the boys, and in doing that the citizens of the community may proudly claim to have aided in the general advancement of the city. But are not the girls as worthy as the boys?

They have more problems to solve and fewer means of solving them. The young woman who comes to the city to accept employment is handicapped. Men can "get by" anywhere but girls are under a more stringent code of proprieties and conventionalities, thanks to our half-baked theories of morality, and it is not an easy matter for young women and girls to secure proper rooming facilities at reasonable prices. Hence the movement for the new Business Women's Club building.

We do not profess to know much of the workings of the B. W. C. Women are mysterious to men, or they wouldn't be so interesting, and what the former do collectively or individually when together is only a matter of conjecture. But every man will admit that the organization mentioned above is beneficial. If it isn't there should be a Y. W. C. A. campaign launched at once. But we will assume that the B. W. C. has a mission to perform and is trying to achieve the end in view. It automatically becomes the duty of all who can help without material injury to themelves to do so forthwith.

Last night the minstrel show offered by the organization proved that the girls are interested in their project. It was perhaps much fun for them, but no one would be foolish as to claim that the personal sacrifice in time and trouble was not made primarily in the interest of aiding a good thing. Such a performance deserves patronage, for the cost is reasonable and the return fair. Tonight the program will be repeated, and those who were not there last evening have another opportunity to contribute to the cause. The real test of a public-spirited man is not his attention to big things which will help him in the course of helping the city generally, but it is attention to such small chances to help progress as this that the calibre of the citizen is estimated. He who will join in with the lesser movements is generally first to appear in behalf of the heavy bond issues or the vast improvement program.

GOOD EVENING— Try this for a conversation starter. Lovely war we're having, isn't it?

NEW NOTES FROM MOVIELAND By DAISY DEAN

DURING THE PAST YEAR OR TWO Fania Marinoff has become well known to the motion picture public having appeared in several big features made by well known companies. Her greater fame rests, however, upon her work in the "legit" with such famous plays as "The House Next Door," "Within the Law," "Consequences" and Arnold Daly's revival of "Arms and the Man." Many of her appearances in this country have been made in Oriental and Slavic character, which suit her exotic personality and certain type of beauty. She is a true Russian, having been born in Odessa about 20 years ago.

6. BERNARD SHAW ON THE CENSORSHIP

Bernard Shaw who has written much in condemnation of censorship of the stage in England, has something to say about movie censorship.

The danger of the cinema, says Shaw, is not the danger of immorality, but of morality.

People who like myself frequent the cinemas, testify to their deteriorating romantic morality.

There is no comedy, no wit, no criticism of morals by ridicule or otherwise, no exposure of the unpleasant consequences of romantic sentimentalism and reckless comforters in real life, nothing that could give a disagreeable shock to the stupid or shaking the self-complacency of the snug. The leveling down has been thoroughly accomplished.

"EXTRA GIRL" MAKES GOOD

Another of those hard working "extra girls" who haunt the film offices until they either make good or tire, Ethel Burke by name, has just been made a member of the World Film stock company after 2 months of pauperage. Miss Burke left school decided to go into pictures secured several days' work as an extra girl, which means that she was one of the many of the mob. Last week, while working in a small scene in "Molly of Pig Tail Alley," Director Emile Chautard was attracted by the expression on Ethel's face. Result—Ethel is now steadily



Fania Marinoff.

NOTES FROM MOVIELAND N. 4

She has left the screen for the present and returned to her love, the legitimate stage. She is now taking part in the Shakespearean revival in New York

at work and will get her first chance to show what she is capable of in support of Robert Warwick in "Fridays the 13th."

Arrangements are going forward

for the production at the World Paragon studios of Romeo and Juliet with an all-star cast. The part of Romeo will probably be played by one of the following:

House Peters, Robert Warwick, Carlyle Blackwell, or Hollbrook Blinn, while for Juliet, the company can take its pick from Gail Kane, Alice Brady, Kitt Gordon, Jane Grey, Ethel Clayton, Gorda Holmes or Clara Kimball Young.

Two clever and beautiful children

William and Ethel Stewart are appearing with Theda Bara in a new William Fox photoplay. This is their first appearance in a Fox film.

What Other Papers Say

THESE NEUTRAL UNITED STATES.

United States Senator Atlee Pomerene is a red-blooded American

first, last and all the time. Every speech he has made in Ohio during the past year has breathed the true American spirit, and has been an inspiration to those who love these United States better than any other country under heaven. In one of his speeches he voiced this patriotic sentiment: "I am two-thirds French, six-eighths German, and eight-eighths American." That sentence describes him exactly. He is an American. On the 6th instant Senator Pomerene addressed the City club, in Cleveland, on "These Neutral United States." The Plain Dealer heralded his coming in the following editorial which strike a responsive chord in the hearts of Ohioans because the compliment it pays him for genuine service satisfactorily rendered is so richly deserved.

Atlee Pomerene, senior United States senator from Ohio,

comes to Cleveland tomorrow as guest of the City club to speak on the situation in which the American nation finds itself as the result of hostilities in Europe. The senator is well qualified to speak on "These Neutral United States," for he has from the first been one of those at Washington who saw clearly the rightful position this nation should assume and has done his best as a member of congress to uphold it.

Senator Pomerene has been an American senator through and through. He has not hedged on any issue, has not sought to substitute expediency for justice nor attempted to inject politics into international relations.

Ohio has known where to find Mr. Pomerene at every crisis. He has been fearless and outspoken for Americanism upon every occasion. The idea that any citizen of the United States could have a divided allegiance

DETECTIVES AND PHYSICIAN.

CLEVELAND, O., May 24—Detectives arrested Dr. Robert W. Dickey, Masillon, as a suspected fugitive from justice, on a charge of

pumping water by its own force.

A novel pump has recently been installed upon a California irrigation project. It pumps the water from a flowing stream by using the force of the stream to drive its wheel. This wheel which is eight feet in diameter includes eight broad paddles and is floated upon two pontoons anchored to the bank of the stream. A driving rod from this wheel connects with the handle of an ordinary hand pump so that the current in turning the wheel operates the pump, conveying water from the pump into galvanized iron piping. This wheel has a pumping capacity of 500 gallons of water raised to a height of 15 feet within 12 hours time.

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AMERICANS ARE LEARNING HOW TO SHOOT STRAIGHT

Civilians Have Taken Up Gun Practice in Real Earnest.

RIFLE CLUBS FORMED

Ten Men Can Organize and Secure Aid From the Nation.

By Frederic J. Haskin.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24.—Can you shoot? Could you pick up a modern high-power army rifle and put 20 bullets into a target 200 yards away in two minutes? The American civilian who could do that in 1914 was almost rare enough to put into a museum, but if things keep moving in the direction they are headed today, the feat will soon be a mere commonplace. Incidentally, the country will have taken a long step along what is perhaps the most important of the paths that lead to citizen preparedness.

America is learning to shoot. The tremendous growth of popular interest in the use of the rifle in this country since the outbreak of the European war is a striking instance of the way the conflict has affected popular sentiment. We are turning back toward the days of Daniel Boone, when every man was a sharpshooter, and a call to arms found a citizen that not only heard the call but knew how to use the arms.

It was 11 years ago that congress authorized the issuance of army rifles of the Krag model, with ball cartridge, for the use of civilian rifle clubs in target practice. After five years of the operation of this provision, there were less than a hundred civilian rifle clubs in the United States. Today there are over 1,100. While their total membership is a matter of estimate, it is probably not far from a hundred thousand men. It might be more accurate to say men and women, for at least one woman, Mrs. William Strong, of Helena, Montana, has qualified as a marksman.

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A consideration of rifle club figures for the period of the European war shows facts even more striking than those touching a ten-year period. At the beginning of the war there were 270 civilian clubs in the United States. A single year saw the number more than doubled, leaping by the end of 1915 to a total of 639, a gain of 363. In the six months of 1916 that have passed almost 500 additional civilian clubs have joined the ranks, so that the total today shows well over 1,100 with the rate of increase higher than ever. April, 1916, the last month for which complete returns are available, broke all records with 140 new clubs for the month.

The rifle clubs are under the joint administration and supervision of the National Rifle Association and the war department. The National Rifle Association is an institution 45 years old, which was organized with the idea of developing target shooting as a sport, long before the preparedness problem arose. Government recognition of the movement also came in the days when the sporting angle of the program was still uppermost in the minds of most of the affiliated clubs, although officials of the department were doubtless influenced in their recommendations to congress entirely by the value of rifle practice in training a citizen for possible military service. It is only within the last two years that the preparedness factor of the movement has completely overshadowed its sporting side.

The original act of congress authorizing the issue of rifles and ammunition was passed in 1905, and re-enacted in a modified form in 1914. The government arsenals had on hand a large supply of the army Krag of the 1898 model, such as our troops used in the Spanish-American war. This model had been superseded by the later Springfield, so that the arms were no longer serviceable for the regular army, although they are high-power weapons of a late and efficient model. There was also much ammunition on hand—ever today there are 30,000,000 rounds of Krag cartridges available, a supply large enough to last almost indefinitely under the old circumstances, although the end of it is in sight if the civilian clubs continue to burn it up at the present rate. By putting this great stock of shooting material in the hands of the people, the government gave every citizen a chance to make himself a rifleman at little cost.

In order to organize a rifle club and get a certificate of membership in the National Rifle Association all that is necessary is a preliminary

membership of ten men who want to learn to shoot, and a range to do the shooting. The government will issue Krags to each club in a ratio of at least one rifle to every five men free of charge, as well as an annual supply of 120 rounds of ammunition to each member. Practically all of the club, of course, shoot a great deal more than this, and the government sells additional ammunition to them at the rate of \$15 a thousand rounds, which is about half what it originally cost to manufacture.

Scores of clubs have been organized in every state in the Union. They have been organized in all our insular possessions, in Porto Rico, and Hawaiian Islands, the Philippines and in Alaska. There is even a club in the American colony in Shanghai, China. Considerable elasticity is allowed each individual club in its choice of arms. Some of them are not content with the old Krags, and prefer to pay for the current model Springfields and Springfield ammunition. It is one of the club privileges that they may buy government supplies of all sorts at list prices, and some of the wealthier organizations have set their annual dues as high as \$25, with the additional requirement that each member supply himself with a government Springfield. On the other hand, the dues of less ambitious bodies run as low as 25 cents a year, and the ammunition is confined to the free list. As a matter of fact, the Krag is a rifle good enough for anybody to learn to shoot with. It was good enough to win the Spanish-American war.

It was that same Spanish-American conflict, which taught us the importance of a shooting citizenry in a nation that looks to volunteers in time of emergency. Professor F. H. Phillips, Jr., secretary of the National Rifle Association, believes that a man who can shoot is 80 per cent "prepared." That is, he will be possible to teach him the rest of a soldier's duties in a few weeks, under almost any circumstances. He can learn his drills, his first aid work, and so on, in any concentration camp. But the only way he can learn to shoot is under a proper instructor on a proper range. The experience of one volunteer regiment that enlisted for the Spanish-American war points the moral. That regiment was under canvas for nine months, supposedly learning its business. In those nine months it got just one-half day's target practice, on a 100-yard range. There is no man so helpless as the soldier who is being shot at who does not know how to shoot back.

The great increase in the number of men who want to learn to shoot has shown that the need of the moment is for competent instructors. Shooting a modern high-power rifle is a science, something that must be done right in every detail if results are to be gotten. When a man is shooting a bullet that leaves his gun with a muzzle velocity of more than half a mile to the second, at a 20-inch circle 500 yard away, the slightest error in his method of aiming or pulling the trigger will put his shot entirely out of the effective area. When that man is a busy civilian with only a few hours a week to devote to the game, he has no time to work out a system for himself. He must be taught to shoot.

The National Association, co-operating with the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice—which is the official government board appointed to work with civilian clubs—is working out a system at the Winthrop range to meet the need. Perhaps because the headquarters of the movement are located at Washington, the national capital has become a sort of a model rifle club city. There are 55 organized clubs in Washington—50 of them organized in the last six months—with an aggregate membership of close to 10,000 men. The

entire police department of the District of Columbia has joined as a single club. Each of the big government departments has its club, one of which alone numbers over 1,000 members. All these men shoot on the Marine Corps range at Winthrop.

In order to supply the necessary instructors, Captain W. C. Harllee, of the Marine Corps, one of the most energetic supporters of the club movement, has been training citizens at Winthrop to act as coaches in small-arms fire. It is planned to extend his system all over the country, so that each club may supply its own instructors. Young college men on their vacations have proved the best raw material, combining a good bit of leisure with the ability to learn quickly. Such instructors developed at Winthrop under the supervision of marines and regulars may be sent to clubs in nearby states, where they can initiate local experts in the duties of coach. These men can in turn instruct men from other ranges. The system will thus be able to reach from range to range across the country, until each section has its local talent fitted to coach recruits. If the scheme works out as well as it promises the public will not only be learning to shoot, it will even be teaching itself.

Words of Praise For Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"Last winter I used two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. John Miller, Roanoke, Ind. "It cured me of a severe cold on the lungs and an aggravating cough. I have recommended this remedy to a great many people who have used it and have nothing but words of praise for it. Obtainable everywhere."

"The American Serbian relief committee has raised about \$260,000. The British Serbian relief committee three months ago had raised a million and a half pounds (\$7,500,000) and France two million francs (\$400,000).

"To the Armenians we have given about \$1 for each sufferer, covering the entire period, and this is largely money from two or three large

givers. It has not touched our people as a whole.

"This is a pretty fair indication of the way war relief is being contributed in other countries beside America. It should be said that the Jews of America have given in aid of their people generously.

"In answer to our inquiries, an officer of the Belgian relief committee reports that the total money gifts from this country to April 1st, 1916, to all of the war sufferers was \$22,740,342. Since these gifts were compiled, the Belgian commission alone has received somewhere around \$125,000 through the efforts of the Daughters of the American Revolution in celebration of King Albert's birthday. Of course, the sums mentioned do not include the vast amount of work performed by different societies, organizations, groups of women, etc., who devote a great amount of their time to providing all sorts of surgical necessities. No price has ever been put on this material. It is merely shipped to one of the allied countries."

"The Belgian minister of finance stated recently that our country has given seven millions directly to Belgium. In other words only 7 cents per capita while New Zealand, bearing its own war burdens, has given a dollar and a quarter per capita to Belgian relief. England, staggering under the war load, has received and cared for thousands of Belgian refugees, and given millions of pounds beside.

"It was thought that the United States, the only great nation untouched by the war, might furnish the food supplies for Belgium, but the commission was obliged to ask food from the whole world to save Belgium from starvation. It must be remembered also that the gifts to Belgium from our country include the large contributions from our philanthropic foundations, so that the total of popular contributions is smaller than it appears.

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"In answer to our inquiries, an officer of the Belgian relief committee reports that the total money gifts from this country to April 1st, 1916, to all of the war sufferers was \$22,740,342. Since these gifts were compiled, the Belgian commission alone has received somewhere around \$125,000 through the efforts of the Daughters of the American Revolution in celebration of King Albert's birthday. Of course, the sums mentioned do not include the vast amount of work performed by different societies, organizations, groups of women, etc., who devote a great amount of their time to providing all sorts of surgical necessities. No price has ever been put on this material. It is merely shipped to one of the allied countries."

"The Belgian minister of finance stated recently that our country has given seven millions directly to Belgium. In other words only 7 cents per capita while New Zealand, bearing its own war burdens, has given a dollar and a quarter per capita to Belgian relief. England, staggering under the war load, has received and cared for thousands of Belgian refugees, and given millions of pounds beside.

"It was thought that the United States, the only great nation untouched by the war, might furnish the food supplies for Belgium, but the commission was obliged to ask food from the whole world to save Belgium from starvation. It must be remembered also that the gifts to Belgium from our country include the large contributions from our philanthropic foundations, so that the total of popular contributions is smaller than it appears.

"The American Serbian relief committee has raised about \$260,000.

"The British Serbian relief committee three months ago had raised a million and a half pounds (\$7,500,000) and France two million francs (\$400,000).

"To the Armenians we have given about \$1 for each sufferer, covering the entire period, and this is largely money from two or three large

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CENSORSHIP DOES NOT APPLY TO THE PRESS OF GREECE

BIBS WILL BE CLOSE ON BOND PURCHASES AVERS CITY AUDITOR

(Continued from page one)

special bond attorneys and incidental expense is deducted by purchasers, the bonds will net them around 2.90 per cent, providing we secure a legal bid of par and accrued interest to date of delivery, which is not a flattening investment for the final purchaser, as it must be understood that the bond buying houses who purchase our bonds hold them only long enough to find an investor for same, and the chances are that the bonds will not net the final purchaser over 2.80 per cent account bond buyers margin, therefore, we must not expect much premium, if any, on the present issue although I am making every effort by giving wide publicity of the sale in eastern financial papers in addition to mailing direct to 51 bond buying houses, copies of our legal notices, ordinances, financial statements, etc.

We hope to secure at least a legal bid of par and accrued interest, but any premium received goes to the sinking fund trustees of this city which is the procedure required by law on all bond issues.

D. L. RUPERT,
City Auditor.

THE IDLER

Edward Porter of Porter and Son, music house, has been suffering for the past week with a severe attack of lumbago.

A civil service examination for the position of assistant examiner of the United States patent office will be held at the postoffice here June 7. Further information may be obtained at the postoffice.

S. A. Lawrence, of 1155 South Metal street, plead not guilty to a charge of beating his 13-year-old daughter, yesterday, when arraigned in the court of Justice of the Peace Hamilton. The case will be heard Friday morning. Lawrence was arrested on an affidavit signed by Humane Officer Hulman.

Final examinations for the seniors of Lima high school began this morning. According to Superintendent J. E. Collins there are 135 seniors, but the number that will graduate will not be known until after the final tests.

T. C. Morrison, oil producer, of 122 East Circular street, is ill and unable to leave his home.

Daughters of America have elected officers, as follows: Olive Shepherd, counsellor; Laura Phillips, vice-counsellor; Nellie Morrison, warden, Minnie Osburn, conductress; Effie Hutton, financial secretary; Alice Dawson, recording secretary, and Flora Hosler, assistant recording secretary. The organization is auxiliary to the Juniper Order of United American Mechanics.

An automobile driven by Dr. W. S. Peirce of West Market street, had a tire torn from the rear wheel when it was struck last night by an unknown car. The driver did not stop to ascertain particular or disclose his identity. His car was little damaged. The accident occurred at Metcalf and Market streets.

DASHES TO DEATH FROM TRAIN ON C. H. & D. BRIDGE

(Continued from page one) discovered the body lying half submerged in the water, when they were crossing the trestle toward south Lima. Just as they were passing the spot directly over the body, Mrs. Price remarked to her companion that a fall to the river bed below would be a horrible death. As they both looked down between the rails they were horrified to see the body of a man lying in the water.

From the manner in which the man was dressed, it was at first thought that he was a railroader and had accidentally fallen off his train while passing over the bridge. He wore a blue bandana handkerchief around his neck, a pair of khaki trousers, blue coat, a light shirt, a felt hat and a pair of elkekin shoes. However, when taken to the morgue he was found to be wearing two shirts and two pairs of trousers. No laundry marks were found on his clothes.

Police have the only clue to the identity of the man. A bank book of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank of Williamsburg, Ohio, was found on his person. The name of Clara Arthur was written across the front of it, and on the inside a notation showing the deposit of \$400. The deposit was made August 9, 1910. Three time checks were also discovered in the clothes of the man. One was on the R. & S. C. Co., numbered 5634, and the other two on the B. & S. Co., each numbered 6372. Police of Williamsburg will be notified in an attempt to locate relatives of the unfortunate man.

MORTON TRIAL CLOSING.

Testimony in the trial of Lester L. Morton against the Chicago and Erie railroad was at the closing point today and the case is expected to reach the jury before night. Morton is suing for damages for alleged personal injuries received while he was riding upon a train. He was jarred from the steps of a coach and his foot injured. The railroad company contended he was trespassing upon their property when he stood upon the steps instead of being seated in the car.

Anything wanted? Find it in the Times-Democrat want column.

PERSONALS.

The Rev. J. Norman King, pastor of Olivet Presbyterian church, was in Wapakoneta to view the painting, "The Last Supper," being exhibited by Artist W. H. Leavitt in that city. The Rev. Mr. King is also interested in the lectures which the artist is giving.

Mrs. W. F. Melcher of 736 South Elizabeth street, is in Cincinnati to attend the funeral of Julius Aldiges, son of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Aldiges of Minster, who accompanied her.

The Rev. A. B. Houze, pastor of the Central Church of Christ, is attending the convention of Churches of Christ of Ohio in Mount Vernon, Ohio.

Miss Florence Exline has returned to Ottoville, Ohio, after spending the past few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Exline of 130 East Circular street. She is engaged in the millinery business in that place.

There isn't a merchant in this city that will not do the right thing by the public. The people should help by keeping their money in Lima. If

TOWNSEND TRIAL BEGINS.

John Townsend, indicted by the recent grand jury on the charge of assault with intent to rob, was placed on trial today. Townsend is charged with attacking I. W. Green of 334 Garfield avenue, while the latter was en route to his home after finishing his day's work. The trouble arose one night last winter and Townsend was tracked to his home through the snow.

D. L. RUPERT,
City Auditor.

VILLISTAS RECRUITING MEXICANS

(Continued from page one)

broke the lock of the first door. Inside were found women and children. More women, young and old, were found in the other two rooms. Not one of them made an outcry, nor showed outward indications of hysteria. One party comprised the women folk of Julio Cardenas, a Villa leader, who had been the last to die in the ranch house fight. From their window these women saw him, with his arm broken and other bullet wounds, refuse to surrender, but turn on his side and use his broken arm for a pistol rest while he continued to fire on the Americans until a bullet in the head ended his life.

CLIMBING DIXON MOUNTAIN.

Imagine an incline almost as steep as the roof of grandfather's barn and many times as high, and plastered all over with ledges and rolling stones, trees, stumps, slippery pine needles, and such like ornaments, and a delicate little path running over it that might have been made by a ground sparrow hunting June bugs, and a fair idea may be gathered of the general outline but not the difficulties of the climb.

It is simply a monotonous repetition of climbing from one ledge to another a little higher up, then creeping through narrow gullies and winding around huge boulders until one loses all sense of direction and time and has horrible hallucinations about dying a lonely death on the mountain side with the bob cats and foxes waiting patiently for supper.

June Outing

Will Net

Fade

Already the cost of capital in

FIND OIL AND GAS NEAR WARREN, O.

WARREN, O., May 24.—Howland township, a suburb of this city, is all excitement over the striking of oil and gas in a well being drilled for water. Oil was found "rat" and at a depth of 156 feet gas was struck, which blazed many feet in the air when ignited.

BOYS ADMIT ROBBERIES.

CLEVELAND, O., May 24.—Local police officials said today that John Vano, 12, and William Oravic, 13, have confessed they have staged at least thirty-five robberies here this spring. The boys were arrested late last night for taking eighty pounds of lead from a tinning company. They will be turned over to juvenile court.

WILSON TO ATTEND DEDICATION

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., May 23.—President Wilson and Secretary of the Interior, Frank K. Lane, will be present at the dedication of the Elephant Butte dam early in October, according to announcement made by A. A. Jones, assistant secretary of the interior, who arrived here tonight.

MINIMUM WAGE \$2.50.

CLEVELAND, O., May 24.—A \$2.50 minimum wage for laborers was put in effect at local school headquarters here. School authorities authorized School Director Hogan to make \$2.50 a day the standard pay for an eight hour day for all laborers employed on school work.

What is being called the mobilization of the communication facilities of the navy has reached its culmination in a marvelous application of wireless telephony.

The other day Secretary of the Navy Daniels, from his office in the navy department, actually talked through the air from Washington to the captain of the battleship New Hampshire, at Hampton Roads, more than two hundred miles away.

Immediately after this feat the secretary talked by long distance telephone (over wires) to the senior naval officers at Portsmouth, New

Hampshire, Santiago, California, Pensacola, Florida, and Puget Sound, Washington.

Both wireless and the long distance wire systems reaching across the continent have been introduced as regular features of the navy's communication system. These improvements vastly increase the efficiency of the navy and would be of

inestimable value in a crisis.

WILL WE KEEP OUR BIG EXPORT TRADE

Prosperity Will Continue Says Foremost Government Authority.

(By Dr. Edward E. Pratt, Chief of the Federal Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.)

Will we and can we retain this increased foreign trade which probably will amount to four billions of dollars during the current fiscal year? I believe that we can and will. I find that most of the practical men in foreign trade believe that they will be able to retain perhaps not all of the new business, but a very large proportion of it at least. It is a question which I believe rests squarely upon the ultimate level of costs after the war.

Let us consider the important items of cost. They are labor, capital, taxes and the efficiency of a going organization and connections. This last is often termed "good will."

There is no doubt that the European nations are at present losing good will. Good will depends upon the ability to establish and to maintain a going business—just what the European manufacturers have been unable to do since August, 1914.

American manufacturers and merchants are picking up whole, as it were, the good will that has been voluntarily dropped by their European competitors.

It is hardly conceivable that taxes in Europe will not be enormously increased as a result of the war. It is evidently the policy of all the belligerent nations to meet the costs of it, not by immediate taxation, but through funded debts. This war will be paid for by the taxpayers of the next 50 to 100 years; and the taxes will rest heavily not only on the people, but on industry.

Already the cost of capital in

The supply of labor, it seems equally clear, will be considerably diminished. Consequently labor will be in great demand following the close of the war. Many of the best and most skilled laborers of Europe will not come back from the front. Many will come back maimed and diseased. Practically all of those who return will have lost their most valuable element in the European laborer, the habit of work. The European workman has been noted for his industrious qualities, for his loyalty, for the work spirit which is in him. This, in my opinion, will no longer exist among those men who have experienced the excitement of army life in the trenches and on the battlefields of Europe. Labor, especially skilled labor will be in great demand, and will consequently be high in price.

There is no need of our relying

entirely on a theoretical explanation of the possible effects of the European war. We can go back, if we care to, and find out what happened in the years immediately following the Napoleonic wars, the Crimean war, our own Civil war, the Franco-Prussian war, and finally, the Russo-Japanese war. In the case of each one of these conflicts, we find that taxes were considerably increased and that the entire fiscal affairs of the nations were much disarranged.

We find that both the cost of capital and the cost of labor were enhanced.

What do these facts indicate? It

seems to me that they forecast a generally increased level of costs in

Europe following the war and, in conse-

quence, a much higher level of prices than for the period immediately preceding the conflict. If these facts be true the United States will be better able to compete with the nations of the old world than ever before. We will be enabled not only to hold our domestic trade, but in addition to make still further ad-

vances in outside markets.

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"Spick & Span"

Finish your floors with Hanna's Lustro-Finish and they will look spick and span under the hardest wear. It stains and varnishes at one application. You can buy

Hanna's LustroFinish

In any wood color to match your woodwork. It will dry with a tough elastic coating that will not show heel marks. Also fine for furniture, stair treads, window sills and all woodwork.

Will Not

Fade

In all
Wood
Colors

Sold by

WALTZ & BERRYHILL

- Lima, O.

Why Suffer With Backache, Kidneys or Rheumatism?

ANURIC!

The Newest Discovery in Chemistry. Eminent Medical Authorities Endorse It.

A New Remedy for Kidney, Bladder and all Uric Acid Troubles.

Dr. Eberle and Dr. Braithwaite as well as Dr. Simon—all distinguished authors—agree that whatever may be the disease, the urine will write Dr. Pierce, at the Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.: send a sample of urine and describe symptoms. You will receive free medical advice after Dr. Pierce's chemist has examined the urine—this will be carefully done without charge, and you will be under no obligation. Doctor Pierce, during many years of experimentation has discovered a new remedy which is thirty-seven times more powerful than lithia in removing uric acid from the system. If you are suffering from backache or the pains of rheumatism, go to your best druggist and ask for a 50-cent box of "Anuric," put up by Doctor Pierce. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak women and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the blood have been favorably known for the past forty years and more. They are standard remedies to-day, as well as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Patches for the liver and bowels. You can have a sample of any one of these remedies in Tablet form by writing Dr. Pierce.

To the Woman Who Realizes She Needs Help.

You are nervous. You have "crying spells." You are dejected. You don't sleep well. You have backache. You have lost ambition for your work. You are beginning to feel old and look old!

These symptoms, more than likely, are produced by some weakness or derangement.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTIONS

(IN TABLETS OR LIQUID FORM)

Will aid you in regaining youthful health and strength—just as it has been doing for over forty years for women who have been in the same condition of health you now find yourself. It soothes and invigorates. It uplifts and uplifts.

BRING THE CHILDREN

Incidentally see the beautiful display of Phonographs and Records.

HARMAN'S Complete Home Furnishers

Market and Elizabeth Sts.

Woman's Section

THE LIMA
TIMES-DEMOCRATFOUNDED 1870 FOUNDED 1883
(Entered in the post office at Lima, Ohio,
as second class matter. Published every
evening except Sunday at 125 West High
street by The Times-Democrat Publishing
Company.)TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
By Carrier, per week \$1.00
By Carrier, per year 5.00
By Rural Route, per year 5.00
By mail to points in United States 5.00
All mail subscriptions payable in advance.Subscribers will confer a favor on the
Circulation Department by calling "phone
Main 2408 and making known any com-
plaint or service.

SOCIETY EDITOR—PHONE, MAIN 2408

WEDNESDAY, MAY 24.

WEATHER — Partly
cloudy tonight and
Thursday. Probably
showers.

KNOWLEDGE

IT IS the ambition of every rational person to be wise. How wise is determined by the person. But the more we know, the more we want to know, and the less we know, the more likely we are to fall in the pits. The person who is absolutely ignorant is far better off than the person who has a smattering knowledge of everything in general, and nothing in particular. He is the person who makes the mistakes. For he neither understands the real meaning of the wise, nor comprehends the bliss of the ignorant. "Knowledge," according to Benjamin Franklin, "always desires increase," and with increase comes understanding. And with understanding comes the ability to apply the knowledge when it is needed.

There are degrees, too, of the wise. And the wisest of the wise is he who acknowledges knowledge in everything, but none in himself. So often we hear the cry of specializing; that in order to be successful, financially and other ways, we must specialize. But there is a great danger in that—the excluding of everything except that which bears directly on the subject except that which we will pursue. The real secret of the universe is the fitting of its parts in absolute harmony. So success is the secret of success. No success is complete without happiness, and happiness can not be gained with the interest of a person centered on one subject. The great artist, the great musician, the great doctor, the successful business man, does not limit his knowledge down to his own little subject. Remember, I said great, but I meant great in the sense of bigness, and not the greatness of fickle fame which comes from press agenting. True, the great man or woman knows his subject a little better than some other person, but there are other things he knows about, too. Knows them better than lots of people who talk about them.

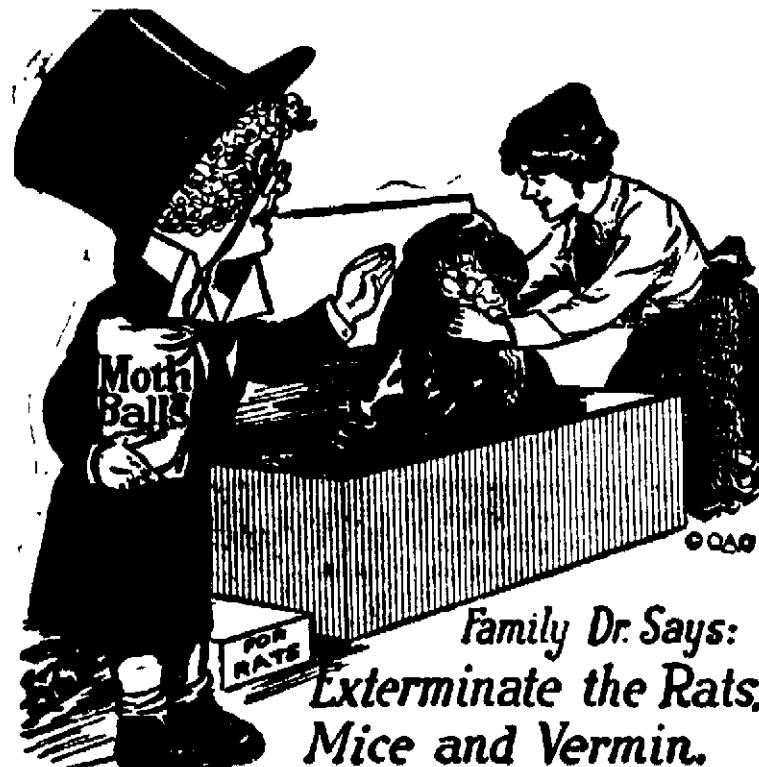
It's a vast thing—knowledge—and how many of us are there who have the right to claim it as our own?

Cheer Up, BEARS. A coat of tan is most appropriate to wear with the new sport clothes.

TO RESUME MINING WORK.

EL PASO, Texas, May 24.—The first attempt to resume mining operations in the Parral district of Mexico was initiated here, when A. J. McQuatters, president of the Alvarado Mining and Milling company, left with 35 men to reopen the company's properties near Parral. Three thousand Mexicans will be given employment.

Stomach Troubles.
Mrs. A. Toussaint, Whiteboro, N.Y., says, "Chamberlain's Tablets are excellent for stomach troubles and biliousness." Mrs. Toussaint speaks from experience in the use of these tablets. Obtainable everywhere.



Family Dr. Says:
Exterminate the Rats,
Mice and Vermin.

Also "Tangle the Feet" of every fly, mosquito, or insect that buzzes into your house. All of these pests carry deadly "germs" with them and may give you typhoid or some other dangerous disease.

We have the exterminators and will tell you how to use them.

Thompson's DRUG STORE TRANSFER CO.

Social Notes

MARIEN NAGEL

PRETTIEST GIRL WEDS

As in a building
Stone rests on stone, and wanting
the foundation
All would be wanting, so in human
life
Each action rests on the foregoing
event,
That made it possible, but is for-
gotten
And buried in the earth.

MRS. CHALMERS BROWN, Mrs. Lawrence Wright and Miss Elsie Cover were appointed yesterday as the executive committee for a parcel post sale to be given during the month of June by the members of the St. Martha's Guild. The guild met in the afternoon at the parish house and hostesses for the meeting were Mrs. S. M. Williams and Mrs. Ralph Leete. Refreshments were served by a committee comprised of Mrs. Brewer, Mrs. Leete and Mrs. A. M. Griffin. The next meeting of the guild will be held in two weeks at the home of Mrs. Chalmers Brown, at which the plans or the sale will be completed.

Mrs. Harry Neil entertained the members of the Progressive Needlework club at her home yesterday. All members were present and club guests were, Mrs. A. B. Houze, Mrs. C. Roberts, Mrs. Earl Winemiller and Miss Maude Nikerson.

After a contest the prize of which was won by Mrs. Houze, arrangements for a picnic to be held at Russell's Point were discussed. Members of the club will be guests of Mrs. Harry Chapman at this time. The hostess assisted by Mrs. Edward Smith and Mrs. George Quall served delicious refreshments, after which the club adjourned.

To date 560 associate members are signed for the coming year of the music club. As the list now stands it is larger than it was at any time last year. With such success so early in the season, plans for an unusually interesting program next year are given an added impetus.

Miss Lillian Beall and Miss Eleonor Isham, who were the house guests for the week-end of Miss Marie Lawler, of St. Marys, returned to Lima, Monday.

Mrs. Beecher Moke returned from Canal Fulton, O., after having spent a few days with her mother who was ill.

Mrs. Guy Bailey, Miss Helen Wemmer and Miss Francis Wright were appointed committee for arrangements of the Delphian club for the coming year. A called meeting of the club was held Monday afternoon at the home of Miss Helen Kerr, of West Market street.

Included in the names of the guests at the dinner-music Sunday evening at the Astor Hotel, New York were those of Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Cuthbert, of West Market street. Mr. and Mrs. Cuthbert have been in New York for the past ten days.

Mrs. H. C. Potter was hostess yesterday afternoon of the Koneka Circle. All club members were present at this meeting which was distinguished by the grab bag exchange of gifts. Needlework was another feature of the meeting. Delicious refreshments were served at the conclusion of the afternoon, after which the club adjourned to meet again in two weeks at the home of Mrs. Frank Seals, of West Spring street. This meeting with Mrs. Seals will be the last meeting of the club year.

In a corner of the kitchen hangs a comfortably large bag—to hold other bags. All the cloth bags that come the housewife's way have manifold uses. So have the paper ones, but their day is short. The salt and sugar bags, once they are washed, are just the thing in which to put lettuce, radishes, celery and similar greens, when ready for the refrigerator. These bags are also excellent for straining jellies or gelatinous and for boiling fish. They make good dusters and sink cloths, and the larger flour bags may be utilized as glass towels or dish towels, when the regular supply runs short.

Some interesting notes about Japanese flower arrangements are given by Miss Mary Averell, an American woman who has spent seven years in learning this art.

The appeal of the Japanese arrangement and choice of flowers is more to the poet than the decorator. In China, for instance, color is everything, and first place is given to the peony because of its blaze of tint, but the Japanese delight in and give the place of favor to the cherry. To the latter people, the flower itself is a small detail of the foliage, but so carefully in the foliage noted that the difference between the back and front of leaves is considered.

"It was Yoshimasa, who abdicated the throne in order to devote his entire time to the fine arts, who conceived the idea that flowers offered on ceremonial occasions should not be offered loosely, but must be arranged to express the fact that the gift had had the donor's time and thought. After this notion was evolved, rules were formulated, and there are today schools of flower arrangement that are as exact as our western schools of art.

"One of the foremost of these schools teaches that all placements of blossoms should be of such a nature that three points will always be seen at an glance, and these three points are never interrupted by masses in between, nor by crossed lines.

"In March all branches are curved by careful manipulation between the fingers, and these curved branches denote the high winds that sweep out winter. In summer, low vases that expose the surface of the water are much chosen, for these express refreshment. The Japanese are most interested in always having exactly the right kind of vase for the occasion and the flowers,—the kind that best displays the beauty of the blossoms and often implies a direct message to a visitor, such as a boat-shaped holder turned in a special way, thus conveying the wish for a prosperous voyage.

"In a home where a guest was making himself especially welcome and interesting, the hostess conveyed the hope that the visit might be prolonged by twisting the stems of the flowers in one way. Had the guest left after this dainty compliment, he would have committed a most unpardonable breach of etiquette.

"All gift flowers must be in the bud so that the recipient may be the one to have the joy of seeing them open. For house-warmings, white flowers are the invariable rule, never red ones."

Bacon's ideas about gardens are most captivating; here is the wild garden, the heath, "to be framed, as much as may be, to a Natural wilderness. Trees I would have none in it; but some Thickets, made only of Sweet-Briar, and Horn-suckle, and some Wilde Vine amongst; And

Social Notes

MARIEN NAGEL

PRETTIEST GIRL WEDS

MARRYING A BUTTERFLY
By MRS. EVA LEONARD

Mad Ralph Overheard the Discussion Aroused by His Letter. He Might Have Seen Light.

DEAREST ETHEL: I have seen her face when her mother came into the room.
"Oh, look, mother! Here is a picture of the house Ralph is thinking of buying for our home in Fairport." Ethel handed her the picture.
"Why, that is a very handsome house. I did not think Ralph could afford to buy anything like that," remarked Mrs. Mertage in surprise.
"Well, he knows that I will not go unless everything can be arranged satisfactorily. I do not propose to live in the backwoods without the luxuries I am used to. He must keep me in style. He has simply got to do, and so I have told him. That is why he wanted to go to this out-of-the-way place. He could not make as much money anywhere else. I think I could stand it in that house with a car and some pleasant people as neighbors." Ethel felt that she was making great concessions to go on any terms to a small town to live.

"I hope he realizes that you are very delicate, and cannot stand any hardships. I have protected you from everything, because I realized how small you were." Mrs. Mertage anxiously stroked her daughter's hair.
"I think he realizes that," Ethel remarked easily. "I know how to take care of myself. I have learned that much from your constant watchfulness." She began to hurry around the room, putting on her wraps.

"Where are you going?" asked her mother.
"Over to show the picture of the house to Mildred. My, won't be when you grow up!" she would always reply.
"I wanna dance the waltz!" Of course, when it came to my brother Jack's turn, there was only one answer for him, "Engineer," although as he grew older he ran the gauntlet of many imaginary professions, from policeman to operating the calliope in a circus.

But I was always resolute in my desire to become an actress, a great tragedienne, the Lady Macbeth of the stage. Secretly, as the years of my childhood sped by, I hoped that in spite of my blonde curls I would grow up to be very tall and dark. Then, I promised myself, I would brush my raven locks and weave them into two long braids like the beautiful fairy princesses in my story books.

Sometimes I pictured myself walking down the streets, and it was my intention to have two Great Danes always guarding me. This would give me an air of distinction and make people stand around a little bit in awe of me.

Mother is always amused to tell about our homemade theatricals of those days when Lottie, Jack, Shakespeare and I produced our dramas on that stage between the dining room and the kitchen.

Lottie was the one chosen to be the leading lady; I was always the villainess and Jack was the property man. Back and forth across the dining-room floor he would drag the stage settings, and with the paper cutter I would stab the furniture, regardless of the damage done to it.

There was not a chair or table in the house that was not nicked in our dramatics, but our little mother was so patient with us, just for the reason that she, in her youth, had lived through the same imaginary dramas that we staged. Of course, when it came to poisoning the parlor sofa by pouring ink over it and watching its last flickering agonies, we were whisked up stairs not too gently and locked up in the nursery.

Once I remember that Jack, who was eager for Indian games and always wanted to scalp Lottie and me, built a bonfire in the bathtub. It was a magnificent spectacle, but if

(To be continued.)

the numbers; so that I think I read him all over before I was 12 years old.—Cowley.

Mr. and Mrs. James Coon and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Amos Gratz, and son, of Bluffton, and Frank Marks, of Lima, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Gratz, in this city, Sunday.—Wapakoneta news.

Mrs. C. B. Boose, of East Market street, spent Tuesday in Wapakoneta with her daughter, Mrs. I. A. Freyer.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Poole, of Dingledine avenue, May 22, a girl, Ellendore Louise.



I BECAME A TRAGEDIEENNE

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THIS skips a good many years and goes back to the time when I was five, just prior to the season that I really went on the stage.

When Lottie, as a little tad, was asked, "What do you want to be when you grow up?" she would always reply, "I wanna dance the waltz!" Of course, when it came to my brother Jack's turn, there was only one answer for him, "Engineer," although as he grew older he ran the gauntlet of many imaginary professions, from policeman to operating the calliope in a circus.

"If you didn't have these silly curls, Mary," Jack used to say to me, "you'd have pretty hair as much fun as a boy!" But silly girls don't get around the way we fellows can. What good's curls, anyway?" And all of the time he was edging closer to the bureau drawer where mother kept the sewing scissors.

"You could run faster without curls," he fluttered me, holding it out as a great temptation. So—after fifteen minutes of Jack's eloquence—I let him get busy with the scissors. Nip, snap, nip! went the scissors, but, luckily for me, the door opened and in came mother.

When she came back, she made me sit a long time before the mirror with the fallen curls in my lap, looking unhappily at the jagged, gouged-out hole in my hair.

It was the memory of this scene which suggested "Poor Little Peppina," and, by a strange coincidence, Jack, playing the part of Peppina's brother, finished the job he had begun many years ago, cutting off my curls! But you must not believe anything you hear and only half of what you see—it was a wig!

Answers to Correspondents

F. K. and S. S.—From your description of the sunbonnet babies, I

HOTEL COLUMBUS

Long and 5th Sts. FIREPROOF ROOMS \$1—with Private Bath \$1.50



Carter & Carroll

(A Store of Individual Styles)

Showing daily new models, emphasizing the newest ideas in the most wanted fabrics.

New Summer Dresses at \$7.50 to \$19.75

See them, they will command your admiration.

CARTER & CARROLL

The House of Fashion

Compound for my restoration to health."
—Mrs. BERT GARVEY, 20 Hacker St., Worcester, Mass.

In many other homes, once children, there are now children because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal, healthy and strong.

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice—it will be confidential.

think it would be very cunning and quite original.

J. C. F.—That was not I, but my sister, Louise, whom you saw in "The Diamond From the Sky".

Isabelle M.—Many moving pictures are taken at night. If I were you, I would register with several of the companies, explaining you would be willing to work any nights they called you.

Ruth Z. G.—I do not know whether I shall be at Asbury park this summer or not. I only hope so—my memories of my last visit there were so pleasant.

P. D. S.—If you are not sure that the copyright on a book or poem has run out, you have no licensed right to make it into a film play and try to sell it. It will get you into considerable trouble.

Mrs. L. McD.—Instead of taking medicines to reduce your flesh, why don't you try exercises and a proper diet? One of the best books written on this is "Eat and Grow Thin". I would advise you to read it.

Mary Pickford.

Social Notes

Iris Embroidery club will be entertained tomorrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. Roy Gottfriedt of 317 North Baxter street. Mrs. Ellis Gardner will act as assistant hostess.

BAKED APPLES WITH MARSHMALLOWS.

One of the neatest ways to cool a baked apple is to core it and place in the center one marshmallow. As the apple cooks, the marshmallow bubbles up and no sugar need be added.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Phinney returned yesterday from Payne, Ohio where they have been the guests of a week of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Good and Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Coll.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lisk entertained over the week end, their son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. John Lisk, of Delphos.

Miss Aimee Gamble of Van Wert, who has been the guest for the past week of Miss Merleam Clippinger, left yesterday for South Bend, Ind.

Miss Mary Stolzenbach, of West Market street, returned to Lima yesterday after having been the guest of the Misses Marjorie Borges and Elizabeth Newson at Delaware, O.

Members of the Twilight club of the German Reformed church will hold their business meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 at the parish house. Strawberry shortcake will be served at the conclusion of the meeting. By order of Carl Rhoda, secretary.

On motion of Federal Judge Henry W. Rogers, of New Haven, a resolution was adopted by the women who attended the Methodist Episcopal church general conference recently held at Saratoga Springs, amid applause, endorsing woman suffrage. Only six women voted in opposition.

AWARDED BACK SALARY.

HAMILTON, O., May 24.—Judge Murphy has decided down a decision that H. Russell Reigart is entitled to back salary of which he was deprived as secretary and chief examiner of the civil service commission for the period the Carl Wentz held the position under the socialist administration, because he was illegally kept from performing the duties of the office.

BUCKNUM FUNERAL THURSDAY.

Announcement has been received from Springfield telling of funeral services for Frank P. Bucknum, former Lima resident, whose death occurred there Monday morning at 1:15 o'clock, at his home at 670 North Limestone street. Services will be held at the Bucknum residence Thursday forenoon at 10 o'clock, and will be in charge of Anthony's Masonic Lodge. Odd Fellows will conduct the services at the grave in Ferncliff cemetery, where burial will be made.

Eastern Tours SUMMER, 1916 THE BEST WAY TO GO.

NEW YORK BOSTON ATLANTIC CITY PENNSYLVANIA LINES

PHILADELPHIA

Also to Europe of ATLANTIC COAST NEW ENGLAND THE CANADA Direct Route or via

WASHINGTON

For further particulars consult LOCAL TICKET AGENTS

Or address K. D. COOPER, Manager Agent

CLEVELAND, OHIO

G. A. R. NOTICE.

The members of Mart Armstrong Post, No. 202, are requested to meet at Memorial hall on Thursday afternoon, May 25, at 1 o'clock to attend the funeral of Comrade Hook, at 922 Bruce avenue. J. R. Marshall, commander

NIPIGON OF TODAY AND YESTERDAY

Superior is kept open by a fishway, the Nipigon may long retain its title as the greatest trout stream of the world. Some may say that the distant whistle of locomotives and the polite visits of observant wardens break the spell of the untamed wilderness and take the nip out of Nipigon. They have only to push on over rough portages and against swift currents to the places where trout are as big and cones are as savage as along the old Nipigon of 50 years ago.—June Outing

(Copyright, 1916, by McClure Newspapers Syndicate)

A want ad in The Times-Democrat will work wonders.

Read the Times-Democrat want column.

LUTHERANS PLAN GREAT CELEBRATION

Four Hundredth Anniversary of Reformation is Occasion.

Lutherans of Allen county assembled last evening in the Sunday school room of Zion's church at Wayne and Elizabeth streets, when arrangements were begun for the celebration in Lima of the four hundredth anniversary of the Reformation, on October 21, 1917. Churches included last night were Zion's St. Paul's Lutheran, the First Lutheran and Immanuel Lutheran of Lima, Lafayette Lutheran, Elida Lutheran, St. Matthew's Lutheran in Shawnee township and the Ada Lutheran church.

These organizations will join in a general celebration. Preliminary celebration will be held on October 21 of this year. The general society sends out orders, under which each celebration will be conducted. Speakers last evening were Charles F. Sprague of St. Paul's church, the Rev. C. H. Eckhardt, pastor of St. Matthew's, the Rev. A. E. Bay, pastor of Immanuel's church, the Rev. J. J. Miller of Lima, retired, the Rev. H. G. Milley of Lafayette, the Rev. F. L. Boeger of the Ada church, and John A. Mohr of Zion's church.

Brotherhood classes in these churches will take the responsibility for the success of the celebration. The story of the Reformation will be told in every church and young members will be brought closer to the church by its significance. Representative men, in large numbers, from these churches promised support at the meeting last night.

PAYMENTS ORDERED ON TWO SEWER IMPROVEMENTS

Payments will be made to Richard Stone, contractor, in charge of the construction of Calumet and Shawnee street sewer improvements, of \$158,94 and \$396,67. On the former the work is almost finished and the latter is about half completed.

The Calumet sewer runs from 150 feet south of Linden street to Eureka, a distance of 284 feet, and was awarded at a bid of \$155,32. The Shawnee sewer measures 860 feet in length and runs from Bellontaine avenue to the plant of the Crucible Steel Casting company, the chief beneficiary through the improvement.

NORTHWESTERN OHIO DENTISTS TO MEET

Will Hold Their Annual

Dinner at Elks' Home Tonight.

Dentists affiliated with the Northwestern Ohio society will hold the annual dinner this evening at the Elks' home. Covers will be laid for 40 in the ball room of the Elks' club.

The dinner is a regular affair yearly and follows the business meeting, which was held a few weeks ago.

Dinner will be served at 6:30 o'clock from tables which will bear a patriotic color scheme. On account of the near approach of Memorial day, the national colors will be used in ornamentation. A large number of the guests who will be seated will be from out of the city.

Dr. Guy Bayly, outgoing president, will be toast-master. The principal address of the evening will be delivered by Dr. A. C. Musgrave, of Ohio City, from the subject, "An Ideal Dentist." Dr. A. Diamond, of Lima, will speak on "An Organization." Mrs. Forster Robinson will favor with a vocal solo and Miss Katherine Jones will give a piano number.

Officers of the Northwestern Ohio Dental society are Dr. H. J. Brunk, of Lima, president; Dr. I. W. Wright, of St. Marys, first vice president; Dr. G. C. McCoy, of Delphos, second vice president; Dr. B. A. Long, of Lima, secretary; Dr. B. W. Diamond, of Lima, treasurer; Dr. E. V. Burns, of Leipsic, director.

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Read the Times-Democrat want column.

ARTEMISIA

By JANE OSBORN.

"Walter," the young wife began, "I have something important to say to you. Being a consistent suffragist, of course, I believe in the economic independence of women. I am going to start the first day of our life together by being—being independent. I am going to get a job and have wages, and then I shall never have to ask you for money."

"Sounds as if you had cribbed that out of one of Mrs. Cat's best speeches," said Walter, trying to be facetious in spite of the surprise that his little wife had just sprung.

Artemisia's cheeks were red and her brown eyes flashed fire. "I am sure I shall never be a parasite. If I don't know how to support myself I shall learn. You know that what little money I had left me was almost used up in my education. What remained I spent on the suffrage campaign and my troussseau."

"What do I care?" demanded Walter. "Thank goodness, I'm no pauper, and I've got a job besides. But what about the little apartment? Don't you like that any more?"

"Certainly. We intended to keep a maid anyway. Well, she can keep house just as well when I am not there as when I am. We can both give her orders before we start out to work in the morning."

It was a month after their return to their apartment and thirty days of worry that had been. At last, after a reign of four perfectly worthless maids, they had managed to induce a fifth to accept the position. Artemisia had found that it was no easy matter for an untrained, inexperienced girl to get work in the busy city and Walter, for some reason, had given her no recommendations to his friends.

But now for three weeks she had hard work. To be sure, it offered only a minimum wage, and as "counter girl" in one of the large publishing houses she stood very small chance of advancement. Thanks to the eight-hour law, she worked only from nine to six, but even at that she returned home at night an hour after her husband, and through sheer weariness on her part and the impatience of the cook to have the dinner things out of the way she always dined in the clothes she had worked in. The pretty house dresses on which she had expended the last of her small inheritance hung unused in the wardrobe and there was small chance that she would ever use them.

Then, one day, things went wrong from the morning to the night. Artemisia started out in the morning with her husband and together they boarded the surface car. To her surprise, he paid only his own car fare.

"You forgot me," she whispered as the conductor held his hand out to her.

"Oh, haven't you any cash with you?" he asked in surprise.

"Yes," answered Artemisia slowly, though she had barely enough to pay for her meager luncheon, and as she offered her own hard-earned nickel to the conductor she imagined that the entire company had noticed the incident. As a matter of fact, the conductor smiled pityingly and under his breath said, "Pretty rough, ain't it, lady!"

When Artemisia returned home that night she found Walter waiting for her at the apartment door.

"Now, don't get excited, little girl," he began, putting his arm around her, "but that fine cook of ours has left with all the silver. There was nobody home when I came, so I naturally looked around. Did you leave any jewelry?"

"Yes, my engagement ring in my jewel box. The rest is in the safe deposit. I don't like to wear diamonds at work."

"Well, there's nothing left in your jewel box now, but don't worry, dear, I have telephoned the police."

Together they prepared a little supper and with all the delightful companionship of the two young lovers that they were they sat down to the first meal that they had ever had alone together.

"I should think you would be cross," Artemisia said at length. "I should think you would tell me that if I had been at home where I should be it wouldn't have happened."

"Why should I?" asked Walter. "You are only living up to your convictions."

"Yes, but you were so very, very cross to me this morning. I felt just miserable about it all day and I could hardly do any work. If you had slapped my face in the car I wouldn't have felt any more mortified."

"But I was only letting you live up to your convictions, too. The man who is economically independent pays his own car fare. The idea that men must pay women's way is only a survival of the middle ages, isn't it?"

"But, Walter, I'm tired of my convictions."

"Walter, don't laugh at me, but I've lost my job and I'm tired of being independent and I want to stay home and be old-fashioned. That Mrs. Cat's ideas may be all right for some girls, but I'm not educated up to it."

And when the telephone rang to tell Walter that the detectives had captured the thief literally "with the goods on," Walter was too absorbed in embracing his new-found old-fashioned wife to hear until the bell had rung at least five times.

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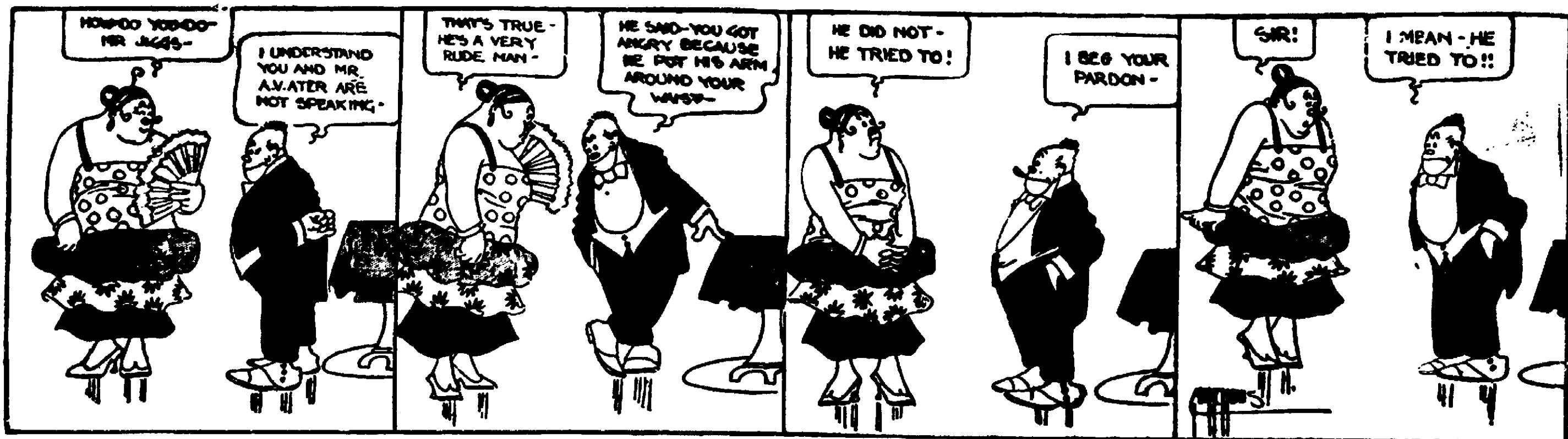
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BRINGING UP FATHER

(Copyrighted, 1916, International News Service)

By George McManus



New York Wins Close Game From Cincy Ball Team

CINCINNATI, O., May 23.—New York won its twelfth straight game yesterday, defeating Cincinnati 4 to 3. Benton pitched good ball up to the eighth inning. Cincinnati scored one in this round and in the ninth, after Killifer was out, Herzog, Clarke and Louden singled, Herzog scoring. Benton was then taken out and Tereau sent to the mound. Wingo singled and Emmer who was running for Clarke scored. Mathewson was called upon to save the day and he succeeded.

New York made a run in the third when Benton scored on an error. In the seventh Merkle and McKechnie singled and both scored on Benton's single. Rariden who had reached first on Chase's error scored on Burns' single. Score:

New York	A	R	H	P	O	A	E
Burns, If.	5	0	2	1	0	0	
Robertson, rf.	5	0	1	3	0	0	
Doyle, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1	0	
Kauff, cf.	4	0	1	3	0	1	
Fletcher, ss.	3	0	0	1	5	0	
Merkle, 1b.	4	1	2	13	0	0	
McKechnie, 3b.	3	1	2	1	0	0	
Rariden, c.	4	1	0	4	1	0	
Benton, p.	4	1	1	0	7	0	
Tereau, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Mathewson, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	37	4	10	17	14	1	
Cincinnati.	A	B	R	H	P	O	E
Groh, 3b.	4	0	1	1	0	0	
Dale, cf.	2	0	0	1	0	0	
Griffith, rf.	3	0	1	15	0	1	
Killifer, If.	4	0	1	0	0	0	
Clarke, c.	4	0	2	0	2	1	
Louden, 2b.	4	1	3	5	0	0	
Schneider, p.	2	0	0	1	1	0	
Knetzer, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Fisher	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Mollwitz	1	0	1	0	0	0	
Emmer	6	1	0	0	0	0	
Wingo	1	0	1	0	0	0	
Totals	35	3	10	27	14	3	

*Batted for Schneider in 8th.
**Batted for Neale in 8th.
***Ran for Clarke in 9th.

****Ratted for Knetzer in 9th.
New York 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0 — 4
Cincinnati 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 — 3

Stolen Bases—Doyle, Burns, Herzog, Groh. Sacrifice Hits—Neale, Double Plays—Louden, Herzog to Chase, Fletcher, Doyle to Merkle. Left on Bases—New York 9, Cincinnati 8. First Base on Errors—New York 3. Bases on Balls—Off Benton 2, off Schneider 1, off Knetzer 1. Hits and Earned Runs—Off Benton 3 runs, 9 hits in 8 1-3 innings; off Tereau no runs, 1 hit innome (none out), off Mathewson, no hits, no runs in 2-3 inning, off Schneider one hit, no runs in one inning. Umpires—O'Day and Eason. Time—1:57.

ST. LOUIS, May 24.—St. Louis

SPORT NEWS

BY HAROLD GENSEL

STANDING

American League.

Clubs	W.	L.	Pct.
Washington	21	11	.656
Cleveland	21	12	.636
New York	14	13	.519
Boston	15	15	.500
Philadelphia	13	17	.433
Detroit	14	18	.419
St. Louis	12	17	.414
Chicago	13	19	.406

National League.

Clubs	W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	16	9	.640
Philadelphia	17	12	.586
Boston	15	12	.556
New York	14	13	.519
Chicago	16	17	.485
Cincinnati	15	19	.441
St. Louis	15	19	.441
Pittsburgh	12	19	.387

American Association.

Clubs	W.	L.	Pct.
Louisville	19	11	.633
Columbus	15	9	.625
Minneapolis	15	10	.600
Indianapolis	15	12	.556
Toledo	13	12	.520
Kansas City	13	15	.464
St. Paul	9	15	.375
Milwaukee	8	23	.258

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

All games postponed, rain.

National League.

New York	4	Cincinnati	3
Chicago	8	Philadelphia	3
Brooklyn	6	Pittsburgh	0
St. Louis	2	Boston	0

American Association.

Columbus	8	Indianapolis	3
Louisville	3	Toledo	0
Minneapolis	12	Milwaukee	5
Kansas City	13	St. Paul	2

GAMES TODAY.

American League.

Chicago at Washington.

St. Louis at New York.

Detroit at Boston.

Cleveland at Philadelphia.

National League.

Boston at St. Louis.

Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.

New York at Cincinnati.

Philadelphia at Chicago.

American Association.

Milwaukee at Minneapolis.

Kansas City at St. Paul.

Indianapolis at Columbus.

Louisville at Toledo.

THE GREATER NIPIGON.

The Saluts scored twice in the

first inning on Riggert's double and

Smith's single. Manager Kelly

switched the Saints lineup, but it

failed to put an end to the losing

streak, the defeat being the seventh

consecutive one marked up against

the Saints.

Kansas City 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 — 3

St. Paul 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 2

LAKE TROUT ABOUND IN MICH.

Out in Lake Superior, there is a

heroic sort of trout fishing for lake

trout. The lake trout of the east,

lunge, toad, trout, and salmon

trout, lead up to the monstrous

Mackinaws of Lake Superior, as

Ontario, Erie, and Huron (shoulder

ing the huge Lake Michigan out of

the parade) lead up to the Jumbo

of all lakes. There is fishing for

good ones in the channels among

the small islands and when the

wind is taking a rest, for still bigger

ones on the fishing banks of the

open lake. The water's so cold

that lakers in summer are nearer

the surface than in other lakes, but

the best surface trolling comes after

the middle of September—June Outing.

How to Prevent Croup.

Every effort should be made to

prevent the attacks by giving the

child a light supper and plenty of

fresh air at all times. The child

should be warmly clad when out of

doors. Especially the feet should

be well protected and under no cir-

cumstances should the child be al-

lowed to remain with wet or cold

feet. Then watch for the first sym-

ptom, hoarseness, and give Chamber-

lain's Cough Remedy at once and the

attack may be warded off. This

remedy is a favorite with the moth-

MARKETS

WANTED

SOME DECLINES ON
WALL STREET NOTEDLOCAL MARKET
Corrected to DateCROP DAMAGE PUTS
WHEAT PRICE UP

NEW YORK, May 24.—Today's early market operations showed a further reactionary trend, particularly in those issues which recently displayed greatest strength. Reading recorded an initial decline of 1 1/4 points at 107 1/2 subsequently going lower. Most other active rails were slightly lower with the exception of New York Central. United States Steel made a small fractional advance with gains of a point or more for Crucible Steel, General Electric, Baldwin Locomotive and Continental Can. Motors were again prominent at gains of 2 to 5 points. Profit-taking and short selling combined to depress prices before the end of the first half hour.

Reading was the center of concerted attacks during the forenoon, falling to 104 3/4, a decline of six points from its record price, made only the day before. Other rails, Rock Island excepted, suffered, though in more limited degree while specialties of various descriptions, especially oils, motors and equipments, were variably higher. Chandler Motors rose 4 3/4 to the new high record of 105, with gains of 1 to 3 points in Mexicans and some of the munitions. These advances were largely surrendered on continuous realizing sales before noon. Bonds were firm.

Last sales were Allis-Chalmers, 2 1/2; American Beet Sugar, 73 1/2; American Can, 56%; American Car & Foundry, 61%; American Locomotive, 73 1/2; American Smelting & Refining, 100%; American Sugar Refining, 112 1/2; American Tel. & Tel., 129 1/2; Anaconda Copper, 85%; Atchison, 105%; Baldwin Locomotive, 90%; Baltimore & Ohio, 92 1/2; Bethlehem Steel, 442; Brooklyn Rap Transit, 87; Butte and Superior, 94; California Petroleum, 22%; Canadian Pacific, 180; Central Leather, 54%; Chesapeake & Ohio, 63%; Chicago, Mil. & St Paul, 99; Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry., 20%; China Copper, 54; Colorado Fuel & Iron, 43%; Corn Products, 198; Crucible Steel, 86%; Denver & Rio Grande pfd, 28; Erie, 29; General Electric, 172; Goodrich Co., 75 1/2; Great Northern Ore cfts, 41 1/2; Great Northern pfd, 122; Illinois Central, 103 1/2; Interborough Consol Corp., 18%; Inter Harvester, N. J., 111 1/2; Inter Merc Mar pfd. cfts, 92 1/2; Lackawanna Steel, 70 1/2; Lehigh Valley, 73%; Louisville & Nashville, 130 1/2; Maxwell Ryd. Co., 87%; Mexican Petrol-

BORROW THE MONEY
you need of us on your household goods, piano or stock.
BEST TERMS
Strictly confidential. See us today or phone Main 3384.

LIMA LOAN CO.
209 Opera House Block
Lima, Ohio
Upstairs over Old Nat'l Bank.

MONEY TO LOAN
on household goods, pianos, diamonds, live stock, implements, etc.

In addition to loaning our money much cheaper than others, we assure you most courteous consideration at all times.

Loans to farmers, straight time, in amounts to \$500.



G. C. DUNIFON, "gr."

Money to Loan

On City and Farm Property within Allen County, at 6 per cent interest with monthly reductions. Resources Over.....\$2,200,000.00
OFFICE HOURS Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
THE CITIZENS' LOAN AND BUILDING COMPANY
No 321 N. Main St., Lima, O.
O. Francis, President.
L. A. Feltz, Secretary.

SAVE—TO PURCHASE LIFE INSURANCE

ONLY THE LIFE INSURANCE MEN KNOW HOW MANY FARMERS PUT OFF BUYING LIFE INSURANCE BECAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTY OF PAYING THE FIRST FULL YEAR'S PREMIUM.

The solution is easy. Use your Savings Account. Regular deposits of a small proportion of your income soon equal the necessary amount. A plan of this sort also insures the prompt settlement of the second and subsequent premiums.

You can open a Savings Account at this bank with any sum from \$1 up which will be the initial step toward your purchase of a Life Insurance Policy.

4 PERCENT COMPOUND INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

THE LIFE INSURANCE MAN IS WORKING FOR YOU—LET HIM TELL YOU WHAT HE KNOWS.

THE OLD NATIONAL BANK

DEPOSITORY OF COUNTY FUNDS
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK
CAPITAL, \$200,000.00. SURPLUS, \$40,000.00

Retail Vegetables.
Mangoes, 5c each; Radishes, 5c per bunch; Cucumbers, 15c; Cucumbers, 5 to 10c; New Potatoes, 6c lb.; 75c pk.; New Cabbage, 5c lb.; Green Onions, 5c per bunch; Potatoes, \$1.25 bushel; Oranges, 30 to 60c lb.; Lemons, 25c doz.; Parsley, 5c bunch; Hot House Tomatoes, 20c lbs.; Peas, 50c peck; Eating Apples, 5c lb.; Strawberries, 10, 13, 18c pk.; Rhubarb, 5c bunch; New Turnips, 7c bunch; Sweet Potatoes, 5c pound; Cabbage, 5c lb.; New Peas, 15c lb.; Pineapple, size 24, \$1.60 doz.; Grapefruit, 8@1c; Salsify, 8c bunch; Green Beans, 15c per pound; New Carrots, Ec bunch; Wax Beans, 15c lb.

Poultry and Produce.
Creamy Butter, per lb., 31c; Good Luck Butterine, 15@19 1/2c; Country Butter, 20@30c pound; Fresh Eggs, 21c; Lard, 1b., 14c; Hens, 14c; Spring Chickens, 15c per lb.; dressed, 27c lb.; Geese dressed, 16c lb.; Dressed Turkeys, 32c lb.

Live Stock Market.
Fat Steers, 9 to 1,000 lbs., 6 1/2 to 6 1/2; heifers 6@6 1/2; calves 6@6 1/2; bulls 5 1/2@5 1/2; sheep 3@6c; lambs 6@6 1/2c; hogs, 7@7 1/2c.

Retail.
Creamy Butter, per lb., 35c; Good Luck Butterine, 24c; Lard per lb., 18c; Brookfield Creamery Butter, lb., 35c.

LIMA OIL MARKET

North Lima 11.73
South Lima 11.73
Indiana 15.6
Wooster 2.00
At Findlay. 11.82
Princeton 11.82
Illinois 19.2
Plymouth 1.63
Southeastern Ohio 2.60
Pennsylvania 2.10
Mercer Black 2.10
Corning 2.10
Hogs, receipts 3000; 5 cents higher; heavier and heavy workers \$10.05@10.05; light workers \$9.65@9.65; rough \$9.55@9.65; pigs \$7.50@9.40
Cattle, receipts 18,000; strong; industrial beef cattle \$8.25@10.50; stockers and feeders \$6.10@8.00; cows and heifers \$4.60@5.75; calves \$8.50@11.75.
Sheep, receipts 17,000; weak; wethers \$7.65@8.75; lambs \$8.90@12.75; spring \$11.00@13.25.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 24—
Hogs, receipts 3000; 5 cents higher; heavier and heavy workers \$10.05@10.05; light workers \$9.65@9.65; pigs \$8.50@9.60
Cattle, receipts 3200; active; heavy and mixed \$10.20@10.25; workers \$9.75@10.25; pigs \$9.50@9.60; rough \$9.00@9.10; stags \$6.50@7.50.
Sheep and lambs, receipts 3000; steady; top sheep \$8.60; top lambs \$10.75.
Calves, receipts 100; 50 cents higher; top \$12.50.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.
EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., May 24—
Cattle, receipts 125; active and strong.
Veals, receipts 300; active, \$4.50@4.25
Hogs, receipts 3200; active; heavy and mixed \$10.20@10.25; workers \$9.75@10.25; pigs \$9.50@9.60; rough \$9.00@9.10; stags \$6.50@7.50.

CLEVELAND PRODUCE.
CLEVELAND, O., May 24—Poultry, live chickens 19 1/2@20
Potatoes, choice white \$1.25 jobbing dry lots; do in small way \$1.30 per bushel; Texas cobblers \$1.90 a bushel.
Other markets, unchanged.

CINCINNATI LIVE STOCK.
CINCINNATI, O., May 24—Hogs, receipts 4400; steady
Cattle, receipts 700; steady; calves steady.
Sheep, receipts 1100; lower; \$4.50@4.25
Lambs, lower, \$10.00@13.25.

WOOD ALCOHOL.
CINCINNATI, O., May 24—Alcohol, wood 95 per cent 68; denatured 188 per cent 65. Gasoline tank wagon 24; 70 per cent 29

CLEVELAND LIVE STOCK.
CLEVELAND, O., May 24—Cattle, receipts 200, market steady.
Calves, receipts 300; market steady.

Sheep and lambs, receipts 1,000, market 25c lower; good to choice lambs \$10.50@10.75
Hogs, receipts 2,000; market 50 lower; workers, heavies and medium \$9.95; pigs \$9.25, roughs \$8.00, stags \$7.25

CHICAGO PRODUCE.
CHICAGO, May 24—Butter, unchanged.

Eggs, lower; receipts 26,000 cases, firsts 21 1/4@1 1/2, ordinary firsts 20@20 1/2; at mark cases included 20@21 1/2.

Potatoes, unsettled Old, receipts 23 cars, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Dakota white \$1.00@1.15; Minnesota and Dakota Ohio's 90¢@1.05. New, receipts 13 cars, Florida barrelled Rose \$6.00@6.35; Texas, Louisiana and Alabama sacked Texas Triumphs \$1.65@1.75.

Poultry, alive, lower, fowls 19.

SUGAR FUTURES.
NEW YORK, May 24—Raw sugar quiet; centrifugal 6 2/2c; molasses 5 50c, refined steady, fine granulated 7 65c. Sugar futures opened barely steady on scattered liquidation.

TOLEDO GRAIN.
TOLEDO, O., May 24—Wheat, cash \$1.16; July \$1.16*, September \$1.17**.

Corn, cash 76%; July 74; September 72%.

Oats, cash 48%; July 48%; September 48.

Rye, No. 3, 98
Clover seed, prime cash \$8.75; October and December \$1.72 1/4.

Alewife, prime cash and August \$9.25.

Timothy, prime cash \$2.60; September \$2.75.

CHICAGO, May 24—Increasing complaints of crop damage in Oklahoma and southern Kansas resulted today in higher prices for wheat.

Opening prices, which ranged from 1 1/2@1 1/2 to 5 1/2 higher, with July at \$1.09@1 1/2 to \$1.09 3/4 and September at \$1.10 1/2 to \$1.10 3/4, were followed by a slight reaction and then a substantial fresh advance.

Corn rose with wheat. The market was also bullish affected by the lightness of receipts. After opening a shade off to 5 1/2 higher prices continued almost uniformly upgrade.

Oats sympathized with the upturn in other cereals. Damage reports from Oklahoma tended further to strengthen the market.

Higher quotations on hogs caused provisions to mount. Offerings were notably scarce.

The wheat market closed unsettled 4 to 5% net higher, with July at \$1.09 1/2 and \$1.09 3/4, and September at \$1.10 1/2.

The corn close, though, was nervous at 3% and 4% to 5% net advance.

The close was Wheat, July \$1.09 1/2; September \$1.10 1/2. Corn, July 72; September 70 1/2. Oats, July 40 1/2; September 38 1/2. Pork, July 22 1/2; September \$22 70. Lard, July \$12.75; September \$12.87. Ribs, July \$12.77; September \$12.82.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
CHICAGO, May 24—Hogs, receipts 24,000; slow; bulk \$9.80@10.00; light \$9.40@10.00; mixed \$9.65@10.10; heavy \$9.55@10.10; rough \$9.55@9.65; pigs \$7.50@9.40.

Cattle, receipts 18,000; strong; industrial beef cattle \$8.25@10.50; stockers and feeders \$6.10@8.00; cows and heifers \$4.60@5.75; calves \$8.50@11.75.

Sheep, receipts 17,000; weak; wethers \$7.65@8.75; lambs \$8.90@12.75; spring \$11.00@13.25.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 24—
Coal yard, including sheds, barn, office and house. On railroad. Inquire of Armstrong & Son, 450 S. Main.

FOR SALE—20 new houses and bungalows in all parts of Lima. Prices \$1,000 to \$5,000. Cash or easy terms. If you want to buy a home, see us. Phone Main 1026. Home Builders, Room 310, Savings Building.

FOR SALE—We still have a few vacant lots on Lakewood avenue, Woodlawn avenue, Elm street, and three houses and lots on Metcalf street, south of Erie railway, for sale.

THE A. C. W. REALTY CO., Room 6 Harper Bldg. Phone Lake 1992. may22-24-27

FOR SALE—20 new houses and bungalows in all parts of Lima. Prices \$1,000 to \$5,000. Cash or easy terms. If you want to buy a home, see us. Phone Main 1026. Home Builders, Room 310, Savings Building.

TO LEASE—16 to 50 acres A-No 1 black and to lease for corn. Call High 1976. 5-6-61

FOR RENT—We still have a few vacant lots on Lakewood avenue, Woodlawn avenue, Elm street, and three houses and lots on Metcalf street, south of Erie railway, for sale.

FOR RENT—A 4-room flat on west Vine St., second house from Metcalf street, car line. Desirable location for person employed at South Side shops. Rent reasonable. Call Phone 3658. 2-87-28

FOR RENT—Store room at 128 W. High street. Inquire of Dr. Bruezelius, 209 W. North St. 5-24-31*

FOR RENT—A 4-room flat on west Vine St., second house from Metcalf street, car line. Desirable location for person employed at South Side shops. Rent reasonable. Call Phone 3658. 2-87-28

FOR RENT—Black handle of a steel fishing rod, Saturday afternoon between the Lima Brewery and the D. T. & I. tracks. Finder please return to this office and receive reward.

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GERMANY ADMITS FOOD PINCH COMES, BUT DENIES CRISIS

Poor Harvest and Lack of Imports Causes Creation of Food Dictator.

Declares System Will Foil Attempt to Starve Empire.

BERLIN, May 24.—"The adequate nourishment of our population is fully assured and will not be rendered doubtful by any blockade regulations of enemy states, no matter how unscrupulous they may be and no matter how long the war may last," says the North German Gazette today in an announcement of the creation of a food dictatorship with sweeping powers.

"However, the short harvests of 1915, together with reduced imports have resulted in a good scarcity in some directions which makes itself acutely felt, and efforts to better conditions have been hindered by the fact that each federal state has been able to make independent regulations. This will now be corrected by a centralization of power."

Probably never before have such sweeping powers been concentrated as are now granted Herr Von Battenfeld, the new food dictator. Various counsellors will be assigned to him, representing agriculture, industry, trade, the military and consumers, and representatives of the federal states and of associations connected with the war also will aid him.

Final decision on all questions, however, rests solely in Herr Von Battenfeld's hands. The regulations of the federal council will not be affected by the appointment of the dictator, but in case of pressing necessity the dictator is even empowered to issue contrary regulations, but these must be immediately laid before the federal council for approval.

May Fix Rations.

The dictator will be able to export all foods and fodder and may even establish fixed per capita rations if necessary. The only express limitation of the dictator's powers is contained in the provisions that the new department's measures will take into consideration orders of the military commanders. The date on which the new order of things will

become effective is to be announced shortly.

The surrender by the federal states of their prerogatives indicates a realization that existing conditions demand such surrender. Adequate breadstuffs are on hand, and it is even likely that the bread and flour ration for physical workers soon will be increased.

Enough potatoes also are available to carry the country through until the early crop is harvested, though it is possible that the allowance must be somewhat reduced. It cannot be denied, however, that Germany is likely to approach nearly to a condition of a vegetarian in coming months. The Lokal Anzeiger sums up the situation as follows:

"It is no longer a secret that certain supplies are short, not so much as a result of the friendly efforts of our enemies, but as the result of last year's poor harvest. It is true that we do not need to worry about bread. We have saved enough here by economic administration to reach to the new harvest. We shall even be able to increase the ration for manual laborers."

Meat is Scarce.

"We shall also come through with potatoes, even though with scant rations until the early crop. But our meat and fat supplies, as is well known, leave much to be desired. The last animal census showed only slightly over 13,000,000 swine, but since the number of pigs is large we may expect in a year or more to make up in some degree what is lacking."

"The number of meat cattle had decreased less than was supposed, but what we lack is cattle fit for butchering. The older animals are consumed and the army's meat requirements are so mighty that even animals unfit for slaughtering must be taken."

"In no circumstances must we touch milk cows, or we shall endanger the milk supply of our children. Hence, until animals fit for slaughter have grown up we must impose the most extreme limitations on our meat consumption. Meat rations will become very small without distinction in the whole German empire."

"It does not require, furthermore, to be said that the butter scarcity compels the greatest possible sparing of milk cows, since the butter we import from abroad eats up enormous sums of money."

The Lokal Anzeiger refers to mistakes in organization but says after all the main reason for the existing evils is the scarcity of supplies.

"The coming harvest promises well," the Lokal Anzeiger continues, "but not all the difficulties will be solved with its harvesting. The acreage planted is not smaller than last year, but the manner in which the planting and sowing was done has suffered."

The newspaper closes with an expression of confidence that Germany will meet all requirements and calls upon Germans to show that they are

willing to make the necessary sacrifices.

That the federal states' surrender of their constitutional rights as a preliminary to the creation of the food dictatorship did not come without opposition is indicated by a dispatch from Stuttgart, where one branch of the city council protested sharply against attempts to introduce uniform food distribution throughout the empire "at the expense of the south of Germany," as the proposer of the resolution of protest phrased it.

The speakers at the session of the council, including the chairman, declared that the North Germans were about to storm the South Germans and that the Wurttemberg government, which long ago saw the danger and provided against it by meat cards and other adequate regulations, must not permit other German states to take advantage of it.

Chief Burgomaster Lautenschlager said North Germany appeared to have an idea that South Germany was jammed full of provisions, which idea was absolutely incorrect. If other states had proceeded with the same energy as had Wurttemberg they also would have been able to supply their own needs.

"TIZ"—A JOY TO SORE, TIRED FEET

Use "Tiz" For Aching, Burning, Puffed-up Feet and Corns or Callouses.



"Good-bye, sore feet, burning, feet, swollen feet, tender feet, tired feet."

Good-bye, corns, callouses, bunions and raw spots. No more shoe tightness, no more limping with pain or drawing up your face in agony. "Tiz" is magical, acts right off. "Tiz" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. Use "Tiz" and wear smaller shoes. Use "Tiz" and forget your foot misery. Ah, how comfortable your feet feel.

Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" now at druggist or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. Our year's foot comfort guaranteed or money refunded.

G. E. BLUEM

221-223 N. Main

121-123 W. North

G. E. BLUEM

Loveliest Things for the June Bride Are Now Awaiting You—at Bluem's

Including Wearing Apparel of Every Kind, Household Necessities and Many Gift Things

The Bride's Gown and Those of Her Attendants

You will find a wonderful collection of Brides' Gowns whether for church wedding, home wedding or informal affairs—something suitable for every one's needs. They come in beautiful silk and lace models, rich gold and silver lace trimmed taffetas, all white taffetas and satins, simple georgette and crepe gowns, Gros de Londres combined with lace, and many pretty gowns of net, lace and organdy at every price up to \$100.00.

Then there are simple chiffon and georgette frocks, frocks of net, lace, organdie and voile in white and delicate shades for bridesmaids' wear, at \$9.95 to \$45.00. Handsome Gowns of Silk and lace in pretty greys, black-and-white, black lace and jet, etc., for the bride's mother, ranging in prices up to \$75.00.



Beautiful Bridal Satins and Silks for Those Who Prefer to Make Their Gowns

For those who wish to make their own gowns you will find beautiful Silks for Bride's and Bridesmaids' Gowns in loveliest of weaves, all so soft and shimmery one hardly knows which piece to select. They come in Bridal Satins, Swiss Satins, Gros de Londres, Crepe Georgette, Crepe Meteour, Pussy Willow Taffetas, Radium Taffetas, Chiffon Taffetas, Indestructible Voiles, Chiffon Faillle, Marquiseette, Chiffons, Satin Crepes and Habutai Silks—all in white, 36 to 42 in. wide, at \$1.50 to \$3.50 yd. Then there are silks and satins in all the light shades and colorings for bridesmaid's dresses, at \$1.00 to \$3.00 yd.

Suiting Silks and Dress Silks for traveling suits and going-away gowns in all the new shades and patterns.

New Millinery for June Brides



Many new things in Millinery suitable for the June Bride or for wedding occasions are here in white georgette crepe, white satins, transparent shapes, white tagel braids, leghorns, horse hair braids, ribbon hats, etc., in all white or with touches of color in trimmings, at \$5.00 to \$25.00 each.

Silk Underwear and Hosiery for Brides

Adorable things in Silk Underwear and Hosiery are here in excellent quality and all the new styles.

Silk Bloomers, Vests, Combinations and Union Suits in white and flesh color at all prices. Hosiery to match your suits, gowns and footwear at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 pair.

Going Away Blouses

Hand Embroidered Lingerie Blouses of linen, sheerest voiles and marquisettes at \$5.00 to \$16.50 each.

Georgette Crepe Blouses in white, flesh and pastel shades at \$5.75 to \$15.00.

White Net Blouses, some hand embroidered, \$12.50 to \$18.00 each.



Dress Accessories

The Necessary Long Gloves of kid and silk are here at the old prices.

Short Gloves of white kid at \$1.25 to \$2.00 pair; of white silk at 50c to \$1.00 pair.

Neckwear, Pearl Beads, Hat Pins, Fans, Ribbons, Purse, Bags, etc.

Toilet Articles of Ivory in sets or separate pieces. They make nice gifts.

Bridal Veilings, face veils and auto veils for traveling.

Rain-proof Maline for ruffs, hat trimmings, neck trimmings, etc., in all shades.

Dainty Lingerie

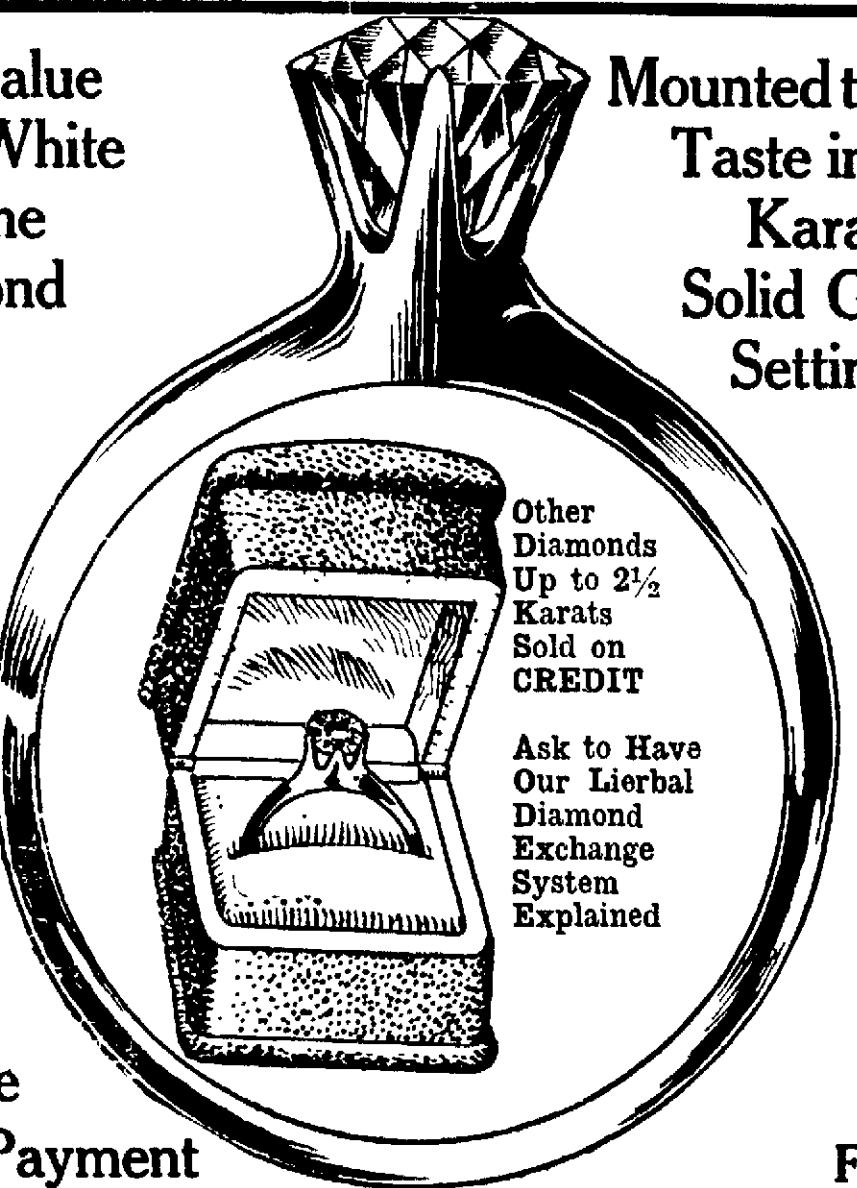
Brides always delight in a good supply of dainty lingerie. This season we are showing the prettiest, daintiest things in gowns, petticoats, corset covers, brassiers, combination suits, etc., in silk, hand embroidered nainsook, lace trimmed nainsook, flesh color batistes, etc., at prices to suit all purses. (Annex, First Floor.)

Silk Negligees

A new shipment of Silk Negligees for brides, and other women as well, are here of hand embroidered crepe de chene, in white and flesh. They make pretty gifts. (Annex, First Floor.)

Windsor Special \$24

Full Value Blue White Genuine Diamond PAY 50c Week You Get The Ring You Pick On the First Payment



Mounted to Your Taste in 14 Karat Solid Gold Setting

PAY 50c Week Your Money Back If You Can Buy Cheaper For Cash

Other Diamonds Up to 2½ Karats Sold on CREDIT

Ask to Have Our Lierbal Diamond Exchange System Explained

You Don't Need Cash You Are Welcome to Credit on Terms To Suit Your Income

Jewelry on Credit

WINDSOR Jewelry Co.
2nd Floor Holmes Block, Above Boston Store
Fourteen Feet Above the High Rent Level

Watches on Credit

Things for the Home Gift Suggestions

Table Linens in sets or sold separately by the yard, all the newest patterns, and the regular Bluem quality, at the old prices, for a short time only. Brides and those contemplating gifts will find some beautiful things here for the money.

Towels, Scarfs, Centers, Table Covers, etc., of fine linen, cluny and filet lace trimmed.

Oriental and Domestic Rugs of every size and make.

Draperies and Curtains made up or made to your order, in a wonderful line of patterns.

Bedspreads, Bed Linens, Blankets, Comforters, Table Pads, etc., etc., at all prices.

Special For This Week—Bedspreads, all regulation size, fine quality, hemmed, at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.25; scalloped, \$1.75, \$2.25, \$3.50 to \$6.00.

Many Gift Suggestions for Brides in the Art Dept.—Annex.

G. E. Bluem

Parasols for Brides and June Graduates at \$1.00 to \$10.00 each.